



Tax Brackets for 2019

Tableable income (i.e., income minus deductions and exemptions) between:

Married, Joint

\$0-\$19,400	10%
\$19,401-\$78,950	12%
\$78,951-\$168,400	22%
\$168,401-\$321,450	24%
\$321,451-\$408,200	32%
\$408,201-\$612,350	35%
over \$612,350	37%

Capital gains/qualified dividends

\$0-\$78,750	0%
\$78,751-\$488,850	15%
over \$488,850	20%

Single

\$0-\$9,700	10%
\$9,701-\$39,475	12%
\$39,476-\$84,200	22%
\$84,201-\$160,725	24%
\$160,726-\$204,100	32%
\$204,101-\$510,300	35%
over \$510,300	37%

Capital gains/qualified dividends

\$0-\$39,375	0%
\$39,376-\$434,550	15%
over \$434,550	20%

Married, Separate

\$0-\$9,700	10%
\$9,701-\$39,475	12%
\$39,476-\$84,200	22%
\$84,201-\$160,725	24%
\$160,726-\$204,100	32%
\$204,101-\$306,175	35%
over \$306,175	37%

Capital gains/qualified dividends

\$0-\$39,375	0%
\$39,376-\$244,425	15%
over \$244,425	20%

Head of Household

\$0-\$13,850	10%
\$13,851-\$52,850	12%
\$52,851-\$84,200	22%
\$84,201-\$160,700	24%
\$160,701-\$204,100	32%
\$204,101-\$510,300	35%
over \$510,300	37%

Capital gains/qualified dividends

\$0-\$52,750	0%
\$52,751-\$461,700	15%
over \$461,700	20%

Estates and Trusts

\$0-\$2,600	10%
\$2,601-\$9,300	24%
\$9,301-\$12,750	35%
over \$12,750	37%

Capital gains/qualified dividends

\$0-\$2,650	0%
\$2,651-\$12,950	15%
over \$12,950	20%

Corporate Tax Rate

21%

Standard Deduction

Married, joint	\$24,400
Single; married, separate	\$12,200
Head of household	\$18,350
Blind or over 65: add \$1,300 if married \$1,650 if single or head of household	

Child/Dependent Tax Credit

Child	\$2,000 per child up to \$1,400 refundable
Qualifying dependent	\$500 per dependent, nonrefundable

Mortgage Interest Deduction

On acquisition indebtedness up to \$750,000 for 1st and 2nd homes
No deduction for home equity indebtedness

State and Local Tax Deduction Limit

State and local income and property tax deduction	\$10,000
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Alternative Minimum Tax Exemption Amount

Married, joint	\$111,700
Single, HOH ¹	\$71,700
Married, separate	\$55,850

IRA & Pension Plan Limits

IRA contribution	
Under age 50	\$6,000
Age 50 and over	\$7,000

Phaseout for deducting IRA contribution	
Married, joint	\$103,000-\$123,000 MAGI
Single, HOH ¹	\$64,000-\$74,000 MAGI
Married, separate	\$0-\$10,000 MAGI

Phaseout for deducting spousal IRA ²	\$193,000-\$203,000 MAGI
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Phaseout of Roth contribution eligibility	
Married, joint	\$193,000-\$203,000 MAGI
Single, HOH ¹	\$122,000-\$137,000 MAGI
Married, separate	\$0-\$10,000 MAGI

SEP contribution	
Up to 25% of compensation, limit	\$56,000
Compensation to participate in SEP	\$600
SIMPLE elective deferral	
Under age 50	\$13,000
Age 50 and over	\$16,000

401(k), 403(b) ³ , 457 and SARSEP elective deferral under age 50	\$19,000
401(k), 403(b) ³ , 457 ⁴ and SARSEP elective deferral age 50 and over	\$25,000

Annual defined contribution limit	\$56,000
Annual defined benefit limit	\$225,000
Highly compensated employee	\$125,000
Key Employee in top heavy plans	\$180,000

Annual compensation taken into account for qualified plans \$280,000

Retirement Tax Credit: A percent tax credit for an IRA, 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plan contribution, in addition to deduction or exclusion, if	
Married, joint	Below \$64,000 AGI
Head of household	Below \$48,000 AGI
Single; married, separate	Below \$32,000 AGI

Maximum qualified longevity annuity contract (QLAC) premium	\$130,000
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Gift and Estate Tax

Gift tax annual exclusion	\$15,000
Estate and gift tax rate	40%
Estate tax exemption	\$11,400,000
Lifetime gift exemption	\$11,400,000
GST exemption	\$11,400,000
Annual exclusion for gifts to noncitizen spouse	\$155,000

Additional Medicare Tax Where Income Exceeds \$200,000 (\$250,000 married, joint)

Additional tax on excess of earned income ⁵	0.9%
Additional tax on Net Investment Income ⁶	3.8%

Health Care

Eligible Long-Term Care	Deduction Limit
Age 40 or less	\$420
Ages 41 to 50	\$790
Ages 51 to 60	\$1,580
Ages 61 to 70	\$4,220
Ages over 70	\$5,270

Per Diem Limitation for LTC Benefits

\$370

- Head of Household.
- Assumes individual or spouse also participates in an employer-sponsored retirement plan.
- Special increased limit may apply to certain 403(b) contributors with 15 or more years of service.
- In last 3 years prior to year of retirement, 457 plan participant may be able to double elective deferral if needed to catch up on prior missed contributions, but if they do, they cannot use catch up.
- Total Employee Medicare Tax is 1.45% + 0.9% = 2.35%
- Including interest, dividends, capital gains, and annuity distributions.

FORT WASHINGTON PRIVATE CLIENT GROUP 2019 TAX REFERENCE SHEET

Education

Coverdell Education Savings Account	\$2,000
Coverdell contribution eligibility phaseout	
Married, joint	\$190,000–\$220,000
All others	\$95,000–\$110,000

Student loan interest deduction limit	\$2,500
Interest deduction is phased out	
Married, joint	\$140,000–\$170,000 MAGI
All others	\$70,000–\$85,000 MAGI

Phaseout of Lifetime Learning Credits	
Married, joint	\$116,000–\$136,000
All others	\$58,000–\$68,000

Tax-free savings bonds interest phased out	
Married, joint	\$121,600–\$151,600 MAGI
All others	\$81,100–\$96,100 MAGI

Social Security⁷

Maximum Wage Base	\$132,900
Amount Needed to Earn	
One Credit	\$1,360
Amount Needed to Earn	
Four Credits	\$5,440
Social Security and Medicare Tax Rates	
Employee	7.65%
Employer	7.65%
Self-Employed	15.30%
Maximum Monthly Retirement Benefit at Full Retirement Age	\$2,861
Cost of Living Adjustment	2.8%

Maximum earnings (during work years) subject to tax	\$132,900
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Income ⁸ (in retirement) causing Social Security benefits to be taxable	
Married, joint	
50% taxable	\$32,000 MAGI
85% taxable	\$44,000 MAGI
Single	
50% taxable	\$25,000 MAGI
85% taxable	\$34,000 MAGI

Loss of Social Security retirement benefits: In years prior to full retirement age, \$1 in benefits will be lost for every \$2 of earnings in excess of \$17,640. In the year of full retirement age, \$1 in benefits will be lost for every \$3 of earnings in excess of \$46,920 (applies only to months of earnings prior to full retirement age). There is no limit on earnings beginning the month an individual attains full retirement age.

Average Monthly Benefit (December 2017)

Average Monthly Retirement Benefit	
Men	\$1,565
Women	\$1,244
Average Monthly Survivor Benefit	
Men	\$1,179
Women	\$1,344

Source: *Fast Facts and Figures about Social Security, 2018.*

7. Source: Social Security Administration, www.ssa.gov, 12/21/2018.

8. Income is most income including muni bond interest but only 1/2 of Social Security.

Uniform Lifetime Table

Use to calculate Minimum Required Distributions from IRAs and qualified plans **during** owner's life. If owner has spousal beneficiary more than 10 years younger, use instead Joint Life Table from IRS Pub. 590.

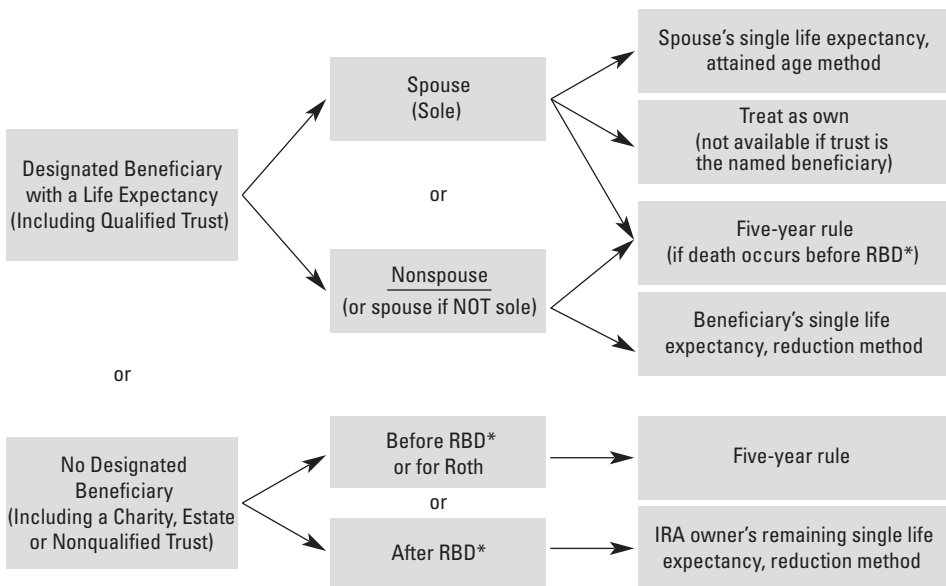
Taxpayer's Age	Life Expectancy	Taxpayer's Age	Life Expectancy
70	27.4	93	9.6
71	26.5	94	9.1
72	25.6	95	8.6
73	24.7	96	8.1
74	23.8	97	7.6
75	22.9	98	7.1
76	22.0	99	6.7
77	21.2	100	6.3
78	20.3	101	5.9
79	19.5	102	5.5
80	18.7	103	5.2
81	17.9	104	4.9
82	17.1	105	4.5
83	16.3	106	4.2
84	15.5	107	3.9
85	14.8	108	3.7
86	14.1	109	3.4
87	13.4	110	3.1
88	12.7	111	2.9
89	12.0	112	2.6
90	11.4	113	2.4
91	10.8	114	2.1
92	10.2	115+	1.9

Single Life Table

Use to calculate Minimum Required Distributions from IRAs and qualified plans **after** owner's death. See IRS Pub. 590 for complete table of ages 0 through 111+.

Age	Life Expectancy	Age	Life Expectancy
39	44.6	63	22.7
40	43.6	64	21.8
41	42.7	65	21.0
42	41.7	66	20.2
43	40.7	67	19.4
44	39.8	68	18.6
45	38.8	69	17.8
46	37.9	70	17.0
47	37.0	71	16.3
48	36.0	72	15.5
49	35.1	73	14.8
50	34.2	74	14.1
51	33.3	75	13.4
52	32.3	76	12.7
53	31.4	77	12.1
54	30.5	78	11.4
55	29.6	79	10.8
56	28.7	80	10.2
57	27.9	81	9.7
58	27.0	82	9.1
59	26.1	83	8.6
60	25.2	84	8.1
61	24.4	85	7.6
62	23.5	86	7.1

IRA Beneficiary Options



*RBD defined as "Required Beginning Date" (April 1 following the year a Traditional IRA or Simple IRA holder reached age 70½).

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