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FORT WASHINGTON CORE FIXED INCOME — 1Q2025

PORTFOLIO COMMENTARY

The Fort Washington Core Fixed Income strategy returned 2.70% gross and 2.68% net for the quarter, underperforming the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index, which returned 2.78%.

The strategy's sector allocation was the largest detractor from relative performance during the quarter due to an overweight allocation to investment grade corporates. Corporate spreads widened over the quarter, which negatively impacted performance.

Security selection modestly detracted from relative performance during the quarter, driven by the securitized sector. Within securitized, the strategy was overweight to CMOs which underperformed relative to Agency Passthroughs.

The strategy's interest rate exposure contributed positively to relative performance, offsetting some of the negative impacts of sector allocation and security selection. The strategy was managed with longer duration relative to the benchmark for a majority of the period, which outperformed as interest rates declined.

Trailing Total Returns (as of March 31, 2025)



Inception date: 07/01/2005. Source: Fort Washington Investment Advisors. Past performance is not indicative of future results. This supplemental information complements the Core Fixed Income GIPS Report.

POSITIONING

Risk budget: The strategy is targeting a modest overweight to risk, representing 30% of the risk budget.

Developing trade policy has created elevated uncertainty around economic growth and inflation. Forecasts for U.S. economic activity have declined in recent weeks amid tariffs and weaker sentiment across businesses and consumers. Investor expectations for inflation are for a meaningful short-term impact but one that is not expected to be persistent. While the Federal Reserve (Fed) paused at their last two meetings, expectations are for multiple cuts in 2025 as downside risks to growth have increased and uncertainty remains high.

INVESTMENT PROFESSIONALS

Daniel J. Carter, CFA

Managing Director Senior Portfolio Manager 29 Years Experience

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Managing Director Portfolio Manager, Head of Credit Leveraged Credit

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Scott D. Weston

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Senior Portfolio Manager
Structured Products

Brendan M. White, CFA

Senior Vice President Co-Chief Investment Officer

Investment Grade Credit

10 Portfolio Managers & Analysts Average Industry experience / 2005

Securitized Products

7 Portfolio Managers & Analysts Average Industry experience / 2006

Emerging Markets

4 Portfolio Managers & Analysts Average Industry experience / 2003

Leveraged Credit

11 Portfolio Managers & Analysts Average Industry experience / 2003

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Despite modestly cheaper valuations since the beginning of the year, current levels are still expensive relative to history. Incorporating elevated uncertainty with current valuations, portfolios are positioned with a modest overweight risk posture and an ability to add risk as opportunities arise.

Sectors: Sector positioning reflects current valuations, relative value, and opportunities within each sector. The portfolio increased its allocation to high quality securitized products, specifically RMBS, and reduced exposure to U.S. Treasuries over the quarter. Primary risk exposures include:

- The strategy remains overweight Investment Grade Credit (IG). Within the IG allocation, the strategy is increasingly weighted toward liquid, higher-quality issues. We are maintaining a risk overweight to select sectors where compelling bottom-up opportunities exist, such as midstream and banks.
- Securitized Products remain an overweight exposure relative to the benchmark, focused within AAA-rated non-agency CMBS and high quality RMBS. Given relative value and potential upside from early prepayments if mortgage rates decline, the strategy added to agency and non-agency RMBS over the quarter. At the same time, the strategy modestly reduced its exposure to CMBS as specific deals reached full value.

Rates: We are currently positioning portfolios long duration relative to the benchmark as uncertainty remains high and downside risks have increased. The yield curve steepened modestly during the quarter as growth expectations declined and forecasts for Fed cuts increased. Portfolios are positioned largely neutral from a curve perspective relative to the index. Volatility has been elevated, and we anticipate the magnitude of expected rate cuts will continue shifting with new economic data and developments around executive branch policies, presenting opportunities for tactical adjustments.

Sector Allocation									
	Por	tfolio	Ind	dex	Relative				
	MV %	Spread Risk	MV %	Spread Risk	MV %	Spread Risk			
US Government	29.0	0.0	45.5	0.0	-16.5	-0.0			
TIPS	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Investment Grade Credit	40.1	2.5	26.4	1.4	+13.7	+1.1			
Basic Industry	0.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	+0.2	+0.0			
Capital Goods	2.4	0.1	1.3	0.1	+1.1	+0.0			
Communications	3.7	0.3	1.8	0.1	+1.9	+0.1			
Consumer Cyclical	3.5	0.2	1.6	0.1	+1.8	+0.1			
Consumer Non-Cyclical	6.0	0.4	3.6	0.2	+2.3	+0.2			
Energy	3.1	0.3	1.7	0.1	+1.4	+0.2			
Financials	12.7	0.7	8.1	0.4	+4.7	+0.3			
Other Industrial	-	-	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.0			
Technology	3.4	0.2	2.2	0.1	+1.2	+0.0			
Transportation	2.4	0.2	0.5	0.0	+2.0	+0.1			
Utility	2.0	0.2	2.3	0.2	-0.3	+0.0			
Other	0.2	0.0	2.6	0.0	-2.4	-0.0			
Securitized	28.7	0.7	26.8	0.5	+1.9	+0.3			
RMBS	20.8	0.4	24.9	0.4	-4.1	+0.0			
ABS	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	-0.2	-0.0			
CLO	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CMBS	7.7	0.3	1.5	0.0	+6.2	+0.3			
High Yield	0.6	0.1	-	-	+0.6	+0.1			
Emerging Markets Debt	0.5	0.1	1.3	0.1	-0.8	-0.0			
Preferred Stock	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Cash	1.1	-	-	-	+1.1	-			

Source: Bloomberg PORT. Sector Analysis chart is for illustrative purposes only; this illustrates the portfolio's allocation of dollars and risk compared to the benchmark. Information is subject to change at any time without notice. Index is the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index. This should not be considered investment advice or a recommendation of any strategy, product, or particular security. See disclosures for important information about derivatives. This supplemental information complements the Core Fixed Income GIPS Report.

Portfolio Characteristics								
	Core Fixed Composite	Bloomberg US Aggregate						
Yield to Worst	4.92	4.60						
Option Adjusted Spread	65	35						
Option Adjusted Duration	6.55	6.09						
BBB Equiv Spread Risk	3.43	2.01						
Average Quality	Aa3/A1	Aa2/Aa3						
Number Issuers	165	1,409						

Source: Fort Washington. Portfolio characteristics and credit quality are as of the reported date and subject to change at any time without notice. Past performance is not indicative of future results. This supplemental information complements the Core Fixed Income GIPS Report.

Credit Quality								
	Core Fixed Composite	Bloomberg US Aggregate						
AAA	12%	3%						
AA	48%	73%						
Α	13%	11%						
BBB	25%	12%						
BB	1%	0%						
В	0%	0%						
CCC and Below	0%	0%						
Not Rated / Other	0%	0%						
Cash	1%	0%						

MARKET OVERVIEW

Uncertainty was the dominant theme in markets during the first quarter, driven largely by shifting policies under the new administration. Evolving trade policies and escalating tensions with key trading partners created an added layer of complexity for businesses, impacting corporate planning and investment decisions. At the same time, consumer sentiment showed signs of softening, with investors reassessing the potential impact of new policies on spending behavior.

This growing lack of clarity, combined with rising inflation concerns, has created uncertainty around the trajectory of U.S. economic growth, prompting economists to revise their 2025 GDP forecasts. However, it's worth emphasizing that much of the deterioration so far has been reflected in soft data—surveys, sentiment indicators, and business confidence—rather than hard economic metrics like GDP or employment.

Looking ahead, key factors to watch include potential shifts in fiscal policy, the Federal Reserve's response to evolving macroeconomic conditions, and the extent to which business and consumer sentiment translates into actual spending and business activity. If uncertainty persists or tariffs escalate into larger trade wars, it will likely manifest in weaker hard data. That said, a dovish Fed reaction or a pivot on trade policy could help restore confidence and support domestic growth.

Increased policy uncertainty and renewed growth fears led to a risk-off tone for financial markets as interest rates declined and risk assets underperformed. Equities were volatile as the S&P 500 briefly entered correction territory from mid-February highs and ended the quarter down -4.3%. Credit spreads also moved wider but remain tight relative to historical levels. Amid this risk-off tone, Treasury yields moved lower with the 10-year Treasury ending the quarter at 4.21% compared to 4.57% at the start of the year.

MACRO OUTLOOK | AS OF 03/31/2025

Factor	Outlook	Comments
Economic Growth	Neutral	 Growth expectations have fallen due to developments over trade policy and softer sentiment across businesses and consumers Aggregate consumer has a solid foundation but negative "wealth effect" could impact spending Overall business fundamentals generally healthy but new trade policy creates uncertainty for capital investment and hiring Market forecasts for inflation have increased due to tariffs, but impacts are not expected to be persistent Economic effects of tariffs and budget reconciliation will be the policy focus over coming quarters
Financial Conditions	Neutral	 Terminal rate expectations continue to shift, markets currently anticipates 3+ cuts in 2025 Volatility to remain elevated as markets react to incoming data and policy response Lending standards and market-based financial conditions have tightened recently, but largely neutral
Valuations	Credit: Neutral	 Spreads have widened recently from expensive levels to near median relative to history Risk/reward is more balanced, but downside risk remains elevated
	Equities: Neutral	 The S&P 500 entered correction territory in March but ended the quarter slightly above the lows. Despite recent price declines, valuations are still above long-term averages.
	Rates: Neutral	 Longer interest rates appear attractive at current levels. Yields reflect further interest rate cuts from the Fed and benign long-term inflation expectations.
Risk Budg	get	Summary

30%

The U.S. economy entered the year on solid footing, but growth forecasts have declined in recent weeks. Shifting trade policy and escalating geopolitical tensions have created elevated uncertainty along with weaker sentiment across consumers and businesses. Tariffs have also caused higher inflation forecasts. While they are expected to have a meaningfully short-term impact, investors do not expect the effects to be persistent. Corporate fundamentals remain generally healthy, but the current environment creates uncertainty over capex and hiring. As a result, investors anticipate slower growth and increased their forecasts for Fed cuts, expecting 3+ cuts in 2025. Valuations have cheapened somewhat to near median long-term levels. Valuations, coupled with elevated downside economic risks, result in a modest allocation to credit risk.

Source: Fort Washington. This is for informational purposes only and should not be construed as investment advice. Outlook reflects subjective judgments and assumptions subject to change without notice. Unexpected events may occur, there can be no assurance that developments will transpire as forecast. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

CORE FIXED INCOME COMPOSITE GIPS REPORT

	1Q2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Core Fixed Income (Gross)	2.70%	2.70%	6.57%	-13.48%	-1.51%	10.13%	11.07%	-1.10%	4.26%	5.26%	0.59%
Core Fixed Income (Net)	2.63%	2.42%	6.26%	-13.73%	-1.79%	9.81%	10.75%	-1.39%	3.94%	4.94%	0.29%
Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index	2.78%	1.25%	5.53%	-13.01%	-1.54%	7.51%	8.72%	0.01%	3.54%	2.65%	0.55%
Core Fixed Income 3-Year Annual Standard Deviation ¹	-	8.12%	7.59%	6.68%	4.42%	4.27%	3.05%	3.03%	3.04%	3.22%	3.10%
Bloomberg Aggregate 3-Year Annual Standard Deviation ¹	-	7.72%	7.14%	5.77%	3.35%	3.36%	2.87%	2.84%	2.78%	2.98%	2.88%
Dispersion ²	0.05%	0.14%	0.42%	2.03%	0.44%	0.0137	0.0125	0.0052	0.0062	0.0072	0.0029
Number of Accounts	19	18	17	15	14	16	16	10	10	10	10
Composite Assets (\$ millions)	\$1,098.1	\$1,070.6	\$987.1	\$795.7	\$1,031.6	\$873.1	\$808.1	\$614.8	\$589.1	\$527.9	\$571.1
Total Firm Assets (\$ millions)	\$82,871	\$81,286	\$74,613	\$66,365	\$73,804	\$65,086	\$59,174	\$49,225	\$52,774	\$45,656	\$42,959

Composite inception date: 07/01/2005 and Composite creation date: 07/01/2015. The 3-Year annualized ex-post standard deviation is calculated using monthly gross-of-fee returns to measure the average deviations of returns from its mean. Dispersion is not calculated for years in which the composite contains five portfolios or less. Dispersion is calculated as the equal weighted standard deviation of gross-of-fee returns for those portfolios held in the composite during the entire period. Past performance is not indicative of future results. The benchmark for this composite is the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index. The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index that measures the performance of the U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, taxable bond market. The index includes investment grade securities such by incorporating them into the total return calculation. Fort Washington's Core Fixed Income strategy uses explicit measures of value and risk as a guide to investment decisions. Combined with intensive fundamental research, the portfolio management team believes this provides the best opportunity for excess return. All fee-paying, fully discretionary portfolios managed in the Core Fixed Income style, with a minimum of \$5 million under our management, are included in this composite. Effective 07701/2024, includes all fixed income accounts above \$5MM primarily invested in investment grade securities of the major fixed income sectors such as government, corporate, and mortgage-backed across all maturities with limited use of non-investment grade securities. The Core Fixed Income style requires investors to have the ability to invest in Investment Grade Securities and allow up to 10% allocations in High Yield. The strategy's fee schedule is 0.30% on the first \$25 million and 0.25% on additional amounts over \$25 million. Portfolios in this composite include cash, cash equivalents, investment securities, interest and dividends. Cash is maintained, within each separately managed account

RISK DISCLOSURE

The Fort Washington Core Fixed Income strategy invests in fixed-income securities which can experience reduced liquidity during certain market events, lose their value as interest rates rise and are subject to credit risk which is the risk of deterioration in the financial condition of an issuer and/or general economic conditions that can cause the issuer to not make timely payments of principal and interest also causing the securities to decline in value and an investor can lose principal. The strategy invests in mortgage-backed securities and asset-backed securities which are subject to the risks of prepayment, defaults, changing interest rates and at times, the financial condition of the issuer.

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