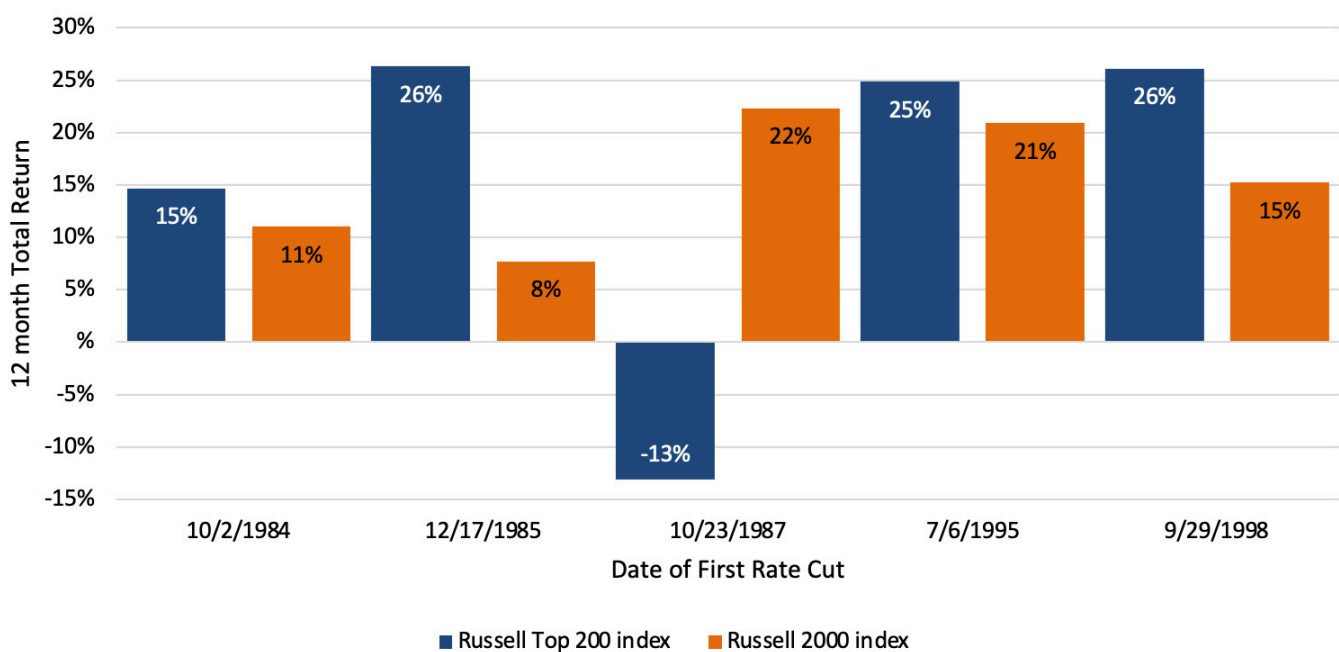




Rate Cuts Likely to Benefit Small Caps

- ▶ **Chart.** The Fed restarted cutting rates in September. We don't see a U.S. recession on the horizon. Historically, rate cuts that occur while the economy is expanding have supported equities. Looking back to the early 1980s (the start of our return series), we identify five non-recessionary easing cycles. On average over those cycles, the Russell Top 200 Index returned 15.8% and the Russell 2000 returned 15.4% in the subsequent 12 months. The averages are similar, though the outcomes varied by cycle and small caps were positive in each case.
- ▶ **Positioning change.** We removed our small cap underweight as the Fed began cutting again, though it was not just rate cuts that attracted us back to small caps.
- ▶ **Earnings trend.** After two years of steady downward revisions, small cap EPS estimates stabilized about five months ago despite softer economic growth and tariff uncertainty, suggesting that the worst may be past. Consensus now expects small cap EPS growth to outpace the S&P 500 in 2026.
- ▶ **Cyclical linkage.** Small caps tend to track industrial production, which should benefit from tariffs and OBBBA-related capital expenditure tax incentives in 2026 and beyond.
- ▶ **Valuation.** Small caps are the only major U.S. equity asset class trading below their 30-year median valuation range (based on the S&P 600 index).
- ▶ **Sentiment.** NFIB small business survey readings have turned more optimistic.
- ▶ **Quality tilt in cutting cycles.** According to BofA's U.S. SMID Cap Strategist, rate-cutting cycles tend to favor higher-quality small caps. Notably, the S&P 600 index (which excludes non-earners) has recently underperformed the Russell 2000 by over two standard deviations. This rare divergence has occurred only twice in the past 20+ years, and in both cases the higher-quality S&P 600 index rebounded strongly.
- ▶ **Conclusion.** We believe the backdrop for small caps warrants consideration for investors who are looking for diversification and potential outperformance.

Return Following First Rate Cut (no recession)



Source: Bloomberg



Word About Risk

Fixed-income securities can experience reduced liquidity during certain market events, lose their value as interest rates rise and are subject to credit risk which is the risk of deterioration in the financial condition of an issuer and/or general economic conditions that can cause the issuer to not make timely payments of principal and interest also causing the securities to decline in value and an investor can lose principal. When interest rates rise, the price of debt securities generally falls. Longer term securities are generally more volatile. Investment grade debt securities may be downgraded by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization to below investment grade status. Non-investment grade debt securities are considered speculative with respect to the issuers' ability to make timely payments of interest and principal, may lack liquidity and has had more frequent and larger price changes than other debt securities. Equities are subject to market volatility and loss. Growth stocks may be more volatile than investing in other stocks and may underperform when value investing is in favor. Value stocks may not appreciate in value as anticipated or may experience a decline in value. Stocks of large-cap companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges. Stocks of small- and mid-cap companies may be subject to more erratic market movements than stocks of larger, more established companies. Investments in foreign, and emerging market securities carry the associated risks of economic and political instability, market liquidity, currency volatility and accounting standards that differ from those of U.S. markets and may offer less protection to investors. The risks associated with investing in foreign markets are magnified in emerging markets, due to their smaller and less developed economies.

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