



Tax Brackets for 2026

Taxable income (i.e., income minus deductions and credits) between:

Married, Joint & Surviving Spouses		Marginal Tax Rates
\$0–\$24,800		10%
\$24,801–\$100,800		12%
\$100,801–\$211,400		22%
\$211,401–\$403,550		24%
\$403,551–\$512,450		32%
\$512,451–\$768,700		35%
over \$768,701		37%

Single		Marginal Tax Rates
\$0–\$12,400		10%
\$12,401–\$50,400		12%
\$50,401–\$105,700		22%
\$105,701–\$201,775		24%
\$201,776–\$256,225		32%
\$256,226–\$640,600		35%
over \$640,601		37%

Married, Separate		Marginal Tax Rates
\$0–\$12,400		10%
\$12,401–\$50,400		12%
\$50,401–\$105,700		22%
\$105,701–\$201,775		24%
\$201,776–\$256,225		32%
\$256,226–\$640,600		35%
over \$640,601		37%

Head of Household (HOH)		Marginal Tax Rates
\$0–\$17,700		10%
\$17,701–\$67,450		12%
\$67,451–\$105,700		22%
\$105,701–\$201,775		24%
\$201,776–\$256,200		32%
\$256,201–\$640,600		35%
over \$640,601		37%

Estates and Trusts		Marginal Tax Rates
\$0–\$3,300		10%
\$3,301–\$11,700		24%
\$11,701–\$16,000		35%
over \$16,000		37%

Corporate Tax Rate	21%
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Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates

Married, Joint		Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates
\$0–\$98,900		0%
\$98,901–\$613,700		15%
over \$613,700		20%

Single		Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates
\$0–\$49,450		0%
\$49,451–\$545,500		15%
over \$545,500		20%

Married, Separate		Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates
\$0–\$49,450		0%
\$49,451–\$306,850		15%
over \$306,850		20%

HOH		Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates
\$0–\$66,200		0%
\$66,201–\$579,600		15%
over \$579,600		20%

Estates and Trusts		Long-Term Capital Gains and Qualified Dividend Tax Rates
\$0–\$3,300		0%
\$3,301–\$16,250		15%
over \$16,250		20%

Corporate Tax Rate	21%
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Standard Deduction

Married, joint	\$32,200
Single; Married, separate	\$16,100
HOH	\$24,150

Blind or over age 65: add \$1,650 if married, \$2,050 if single or HOH (no phaseout)

Additional deduction for over age 65: add additional \$6,000 for each qualifying senior

Phaseout	
Single; HOH	\$75,000–\$175,000
Married, joint	\$150,000–\$250,000

Mortgage Interest Deduction

On acquisition indebtedness up to \$750,000 for 1st and 2nd homes

No deduction for home equity indebtedness unless used to substantially improve the home

State and Local Tax (SALT) Deduction Limit

Married, joint, single, HOH	\$10,000 minimum–\$40,400
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Married, separate	\$5,000 minimum–\$20,200
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Phaseout for deducting SALT above minimum	
Married, joint, single, HOH	\$505,000–\$606,333
Married, separate	\$252,500–\$303,167

Alternative Minimum Tax Exemption Amounts

Married, joint	\$140,200
Single; HOH	\$90,100
Estates and Trusts	\$31,400
Married, separate	\$70,100

IRA and Pension Plan Limits

IRA contribution	
Under age 50	\$7,500
Age 50 and over	\$8,600

Phaseout for deducting IRA contribution¹

Married, joint	\$129,000–\$149,000 MAGI
Single; HOH	\$81,000–\$91,000 MAGI
Married, separate	\$0–\$10,000 MAGI

Phaseout for deducting spousal IRA ¹	
	\$242,000–\$252,000 MAGI

Phaseout of Roth contribution eligibility

Married, joint	\$242,000–\$252,000 MAGI
Single; HOH	\$153,000–\$168,000 MAGI
Married, separate	\$0–\$10,000 MAGI

SEP contribution	
Up to 25% of compensation, limit	\$72,000
Compensation to participate in SEP	
	\$800

SIMPLE elective deferral	
Under age 50	\$17,000
Age 50 to 59 ²	\$21,000
Age 60 to 63 ²	\$22,250

401(k), 403(b) ³ , 457 ⁴ and SARSEP elective deferral	
Under age 50	\$24,500
Age 50 to 59 ²	\$32,500
Age 60 to 63 ²	\$35,750

Annual defined contribution limit	\$72,000
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Annual defined benefit limit	\$290,000
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Highly compensated employee	\$160,000
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Key Employee in top-heavy plan	\$235,000
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Annual compensation taken into account for qualified plans	
	\$360,000

Qualified Charitable Distribution Limit	\$111,000
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CRAT	\$55,000
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Maximum Qualified Longevity Annuity Contract (QLAC) premium	
	\$210,000 ⁵

Gift and Estate Tax

Gift tax annual exclusion	\$19,000
Annual exclusion for gifts to noncitizen spouse	\$194,000
Estate and gift tax rate	40%
Unified estate & gift/GST exemption	\$15,000,000

Additional Medicare Tax on Income Exceeding \$200,000 (\$250,000 married, joint; \$125,000 married, separate)

Additional tax on excess of earned income ⁶	0.9%
Additional tax on Net Investment Income ⁷	3.8%

199A Qualified Business Income Deduction Phaseout

Married, joint	\$403,500–\$553,500
All others	\$201,775–\$276,775

Qualified Overtime Compensation Deduction

Married, joint	\$25,000
Single; married, separate	\$12,500

Phaseout	
Married, joint	\$300,000–\$550,000
Single; married, separate	\$150,000–\$275,000

Qualified Tip Deduction

Maximum Deduction	\$25,000
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Phaseout	
Married, joint	\$300,000–\$550,000
Single; married, separate	\$150,000–\$400,000

Education

Coverdell Education Savings Account	\$2,000
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Phaseout	
Married, joint	\$190,000–\$220,000
All others	\$95,000–\$110,000

Student loan interest deduction limit	\$2,500
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Phaseout	
Married, joint	\$170,000–\$200,000 MAGI
All others	\$85,000–\$100,000 MAGI

Lifetime Learning Credits	\$2,000
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Phaseout	
Married, joint	\$160,000–\$180,000
All others	\$80,000–\$90,000

Tax-free savings bonds interest phaseout

Married, joint	\$152,650–\$182,650 MAGI
All others	\$101,800–\$116,800 MAGI

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2026 TAX REFERENCE GUIDE

Social Security⁸

Maximum taxable earnings base	\$184,500
Amount needed to earn one credit (Maximum 4 per year)	\$1,890
Social Security and Medicare Tax Rates	
Employee	7.65%
Employer	7.65%
Self-Employed	15.30%
Maximum monthly retirement	
Benefit at full retirement age ⁹	\$4,152
Cost of Living Adjustment	2.8%
Income causing Social Security benefits to be taxable¹⁰	
Married, joint	
Up to 50% taxable	\$32,000 MAGI
Up to 85% taxable	\$44,000 MAGI
Single	
Up to 50% taxable	\$25,000 MAGI
Up to 85% taxable	\$34,000 MAGI

Reduction of Social Security retirement benefits: In years before full retirement age, \$1 in benefits will be reduced for every \$2 of earnings in excess of \$24,480. In the year of full retirement age, \$1 in benefits will be reduced for every \$3 of earnings in excess of \$65,160 (applies only to months of earnings prior to full retirement age). There is no limit on earnings beginning the month an individual attains full retirement age.

Average monthly benefit (December 2024)

Average monthly retirement benefit	
Men	\$2,181
Women	\$1,780
Average monthly survivor benefit	
Men	\$1,616
Women	\$1,843

Source: Fast Facts and Figures about Social Security, 2025

Uniform Lifetime Table

Use to calculate Required Minimum Distributions from IRAs and qualified plans **during** owner's life. Do not use this table if owner has spousal beneficiary more than 10 years younger. Instead use Joint Life Table from IRS Pub. 590.

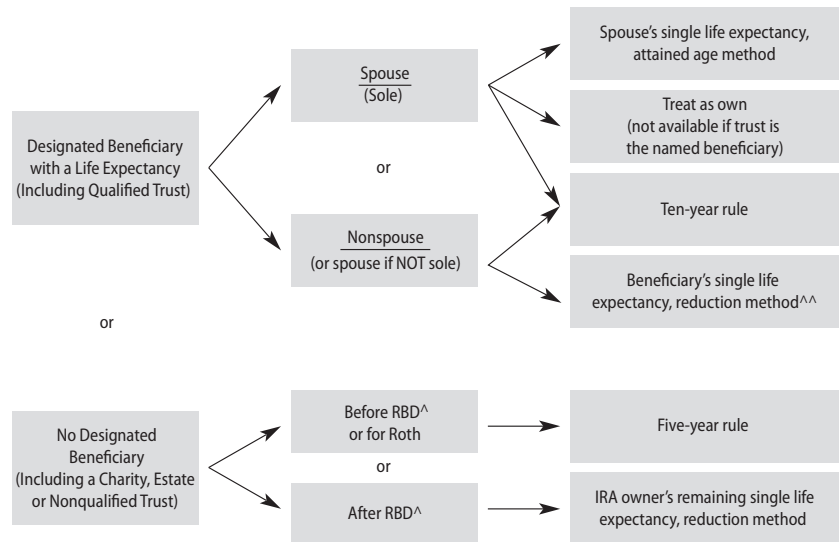
Taxpayer's Age	Life Expectancy	Taxpayer's Age	Life Expectancy
72	27.4	95	8.9
73	26.5	96	8.4
74	25.5	97	7.8
75	24.6	98	7.3
76	23.7	99	6.8
77	22.9	100	6.4
78	22.0	101	6.0
79	21.1	102	5.6
80	20.2	103	5.2
81	19.4	104	4.9
82	18.5	105	4.6
83	17.7	106	4.3
84	16.8	107	4.1
85	16.0	108	3.9
86	15.2	109	3.7
87	14.4	110	3.5
88	13.7	111	3.4
89	12.9	112	3.3
90	12.2	113	3.1
91	11.5	114	3.0
92	10.8	115	2.9
93	10.1	116	2.8
94	9.5	117	2.7

Single Life Table

Use to calculate Required Minimum Distributions from IRAs and qualified plans **after** owner's death. See IRS Pub. 590 for complete table of ages 0 through 111+.

Age	Multiple	Age	Multiple
39	46.7	64	23.7
40	45.7	65	22.9
41	44.8	66	22.0
42	43.8	67	21.2
43	42.9	68	20.4
44	41.9	69	19.6
45	41.0	70	18.8
46	40.0	71	18.0
47	39.0	72	17.2
48	38.1	73	16.4
49	37.1	74	15.6
50	36.2	75	14.8
51	35.3	76	14.1
52	34.3	77	13.3
53	33.4	78	12.6
54	32.5	79	11.9
55	31.6	80	11.2
56	30.6	81	10.5
57	29.8	82	9.9
58	28.9	83	9.3
59	28.0	84	8.7
60	27.1	85	8.1
61	26.2	86	7.6
62	25.4	87	7.1
63	24.5	88	6.6

IRA Beneficiary Options



[^]RBD defined as "Required Beginning Date" (April 1 following the year a Traditional IRA owner reaches age 73).

^{^^}Method only available if the non-spouse beneficiary is the minor child of the deceased IRA owner (until the child's age of majority), disabled, chronically ill or not more than 10 years younger than the deceased IRA owner.

1. Applicability depends on the type of IRA, which persons participate in an employer-sponsored plan, the type of employer-sponsored plan offered, and MAGI.
2. All catch up contributions limited to Roth for those earning \$150,000 and above effective in 2026. Super catch up is optional for 401(k) plans.
3. Special increased limit may apply to certain 403(b) contributors with 15 or more years of service.
4. In last three years prior to year of retirement, 457(b) plan participant may be able to double elective deferral if needed to catch-up on prior missed contributions, but if they do, they cannot use catch-up.
5. Increased to \$200,000 (as indexed) for contracts purchased or exchanged after 12/28/2022.
6. Total Employee Medicare Tax is 1.45% + 0.9% = 2.35%.
7. Including interest, dividends, capital gains and annuity distributions.
8. Source: www.ssa.gov/news/cola, 11/19/2025.
9. In 2026, for those turning age 62, full retirement age is 67 years.
10. Income is most income including muni bond interest but only 1/2 of Social Security.



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TSF-632-2026-2601