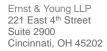


Statutory-Basis Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company

Opinion

We have audited the statutory-basis financial statements of The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company (the Company), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of operations, changes in capital and surplus and cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

Unmodified Opinion on Statutory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three years ended December 31, 2022, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2022 and 2021, or the results of its operations or its cash flows for the three years ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company prepared these financial statements using accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Ohio Department of Insurance, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in



the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between these statutory accounting practices described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Ohio Department of Insurance. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing



an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Ernst + Young LLP

April 17, 2023

Balance Sheets (Statutory-Basis)

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Admitted assets	(In The	ousands)	
Cash and invested assets:			
Debt securities	\$ 2,769,710	\$ 2,872,422	
Preferred and common stocks Investments in common stocks of subsidiaries	902,050	1,030,590	
	4,592,609 55,841	4,525,844 56,947	
Mortgage loans		•	
Policy loans Real estate:	142,493	145,308	
Properties held for the production of income	833	859	
Properties occupied by the Company	24,705	21,600	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	22,479	358,026	
Receivable for securities	3,296	6,797	
Derivatives	196	107	
Securities lending reinvested collateral assets	17,779	33,628	
Other invested assets	2,471,001	2,184,728	
Total cash and invested assets	11,002,992	11,236,856	
Investment income due and accrued	38,913	38,886	
Premiums deferred and uncollected	47,582	47,860	
Current federal income taxes recoverable	36,220	3,958	
Net deferred income tax asset	_	11,784	
Receivables from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates	50,439	42,967	
Other admitted assets	15,104	14,627	
Separate account assets	1,131,631	1,284,662	
Total admitted assets	<u>\$ 12,322,881</u>	\$ 12,681,600	
Liabilities and capital and surplus Liabilities: Policy and contract liabilities: Life and annuity reserves	\$ 2,795,292	\$ 2,761,878	
Accident and health reserves	143,743	274,116	
Liability for deposit-type contracts	183,197	189,368	
Policy and contract claims	53,974	56,825	
Dividends payable to policyholders	33,995	32,815	
Premiums received in advance	2,953	3,280	
Total policy and contract liabilities	3,213,154	3,318,282	
General expense due and accrued	44,050	63,910	
Net deferred income tax liability	10,799	_	
Transfer to (from) separate accounts due and accrued, net	(9)	(13)	
Asset valuation reserve	370,006	503,845	
Interest maintenance reserve	57,350 410,442	59,159	
Other liabilities Liability for postrativement banefits other than paging	419,442	479,102	
Liability for postretirement benefits other than pensions	94,468	154,087	
Payable for securities lending	80,925	62,436	
Separate account liabilities Total liabilities	1,131,631	1,284,662	
Total habilities	5,421,816	5,925,470	
Capital and surplus: Common stock, \$1 par value, authorized 2,500 shares, issued and outstanding 2,500 shares	2,500	2,500	
Surplus Notes	995,499	995,354	
Paid-in surplus	607,103	417,103	
Accumulated surplus	5,295,963	5,341,173	
Total capital and surplus	6,901,065	6,756,130	
Total liabilities and capital and surplus	\$ 12,322,881	\$ 12,681,600	
Total haomitos and capital and surplus	φ 12,322,001	Ψ 12,001,000	

See accompanying notes.

The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company Statements of Operations (Statutory-Basis)

	Year Ended December 31					l
	2022			2021	2020	
			(In	Thousands)		
Premiums and other revenues:						
Premiums and annuity considerations	\$	214,967	\$	220,346	\$	226,232
Net investment income		481,052		542,715		332,996
Considerations for supplementary contracts with life contingencies		31		8		54
Amortization of the interest maintenance reserve		6,802		6,688		5,885
Commissions and expenses on reinsurance ceded		1,061		1,055		1,071
Other revenues		209		339		
Total premiums and other revenues		704,122		771,151		566,238
Benefits paid or provided:						
Death benefits		143,821		153,175		154,116
Annuity benefits		52,603		51,804		89,657
Disability and accident and health benefits		10,903		17,541		15,384
Surrender benefits		40,283		41,512		49,337
Payments on supplementary contracts with life contingencies		237		276		311
Other benefits		2,537		6,246		3,450
Increase in policy reserves and other policyholders' funds		(91,642)		33,034		29,300
Total benefits paid or provided		158,742		303,588		341,555
Insurance expenses and other deductions:						
Commissions		14,795		13,563		18,044
General expenses		146,735		197,470		146,416
Net transfers to (from) separate account		(52,808)		(51,774)		(89,609)
Reserve adjustments on reinsurance assumed		48		_		(87)
Other deductions		(52,197)		60,850		32,322
Total insurance expenses and other deductions		56,573		220,109		107,086
Gain (loss) from operations before dividends to policyholders, federal income tax expense, and net realized capital gains (losses)		488,807		247,454		117,597
Dividends to policyholders		47,950		43,535		47,249
Gain (loss) from operations before federal income tax expense and net realized capital gains (losses)		440,857		203,919		70,348
Federal income tax expense (benefit), excluding tax on capital gains		34,062		30,313		(21,345)
Gain (loss) from operations before net realized capital gains (losses)		406,795		173,606		91,693
Net realized capital gains (losses) (excluding gains (losses) transferred to IMR and capital gains tax)		(3,985)		(74,945)		8,870
Net income (loss)	<u> </u>	402,810	\$	98,661	\$	100,563
~	_	,	-	,	-	,

Statements of Changes in Capital and Surplus (Statutory-Basis)

	ommon Stock	Surplus Notes and Paid-In Surplus	Accumulated Surplus	Total Capital and Surplus
		(In The	ousands)	
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 2,500	\$ 869,622	\$ 4,555,862	\$ 5,427,984
Net income (loss)	_		100,563	100,563
Change in net deferred income tax			(26,657)	(26,657)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments (net of deferred tax expense (benefit) of (\$24,444))	_	_	(78,402)	(78,402)
Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)		_	808	808
Change in surplus notes		85	_	85
Net change in nonadmitted assets and related items			122,778	122,778
Change in asset valuation reserve	_	_	79,427	79,427
Change in unrecognized post retirement benefit			,,,,	,,,,
obligation	_		(13,846)	(13,846)
Capital contribution	_	45,000		45,000
Balance, December 31, 2020	2,500	914,707	4,740,533	5,657,740
Net income (loss)	_		98,661	98,661
Change in net deferred income tax	_		30,231	30,231
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments (net of deferred tax expense (benefit) of \$111,301)	_	_	625,648	625,648
Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)	_	_	(2,287)	(2,287)
Change in surplus notes		497,750	_	497,750
Net change in nonadmitted assets and related items		_	67,456	67,456
Change in asset valuation reserve			(258,434)	(258,434)
Dividends to stockholder	_	_	(50,000)	(50,000)
Change in unrecognized post retirement benefit obligation	_	_	89,365	89,365
Balance, December 31, 2021	2,500	1,412,457	5,341,173	6,756,130
Net income (loss)	_	_	402,810	402,810
Change in net deferred income tax	_	_	(44,085)	(44,085)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments (net of deferred tax expense (benefit) of (\$53,721))	_	_	(569,358)	(569,358)
Change in net unrealized foreign exchange capital gain (loss)	_	_	208	208
Change in surplus notes	_	145	_	145
Net change in nonadmitted assets and related items	_	_	(89,828)	(89,828)
Change in asset valuation reserve	_	_	133,839	133,839
Change in unrecognized post retirement benefit obligation	_	_	121,204	121,204
Capital contribution		190,000	—	190,000
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,602,602	\$ 5,295,963	\$ 6,901,065

See accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flow (Statutory-Basis)

	Year Ended December 31			
	2022	2021	2020	
		(In Thousands)		
Operating activities				
Premiums collected net of reinsurance	\$ 216,066	\$ 221,565 \$	227,381	
Net investment income received	361,478	453,781	220,270	
Benefits paid	(258,418)		(307,163)	
Net transfers from (to) separate accounts	52,812	51,778	89,607	
Commissions and expense paid	(218,473)		(158,658)	
Dividends paid to policyholders	(46,770)		(50,922)	
Federal income taxes recovered (paid)	(75,259)		(24,905)	
Other, net	1,269	1,394	1,071	
Net cash from (for) operations	32,705	249,999	(3,319)	
Investing activities				
Proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid:				
Debt securities	561,910	236,424	304,543	
Preferred and common stocks	396,955	315,580	697,505	
Mortgage loans	1,107	970	18,381	
Real estate	_	771	725	
Other invested assets	291,307	528,139	274,324	
Net gains (losses) on cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	(18)	(30)	24	
Miscellaneous proceeds	19,350	44,383	8,338	
Net proceeds from investments sold, matured or repaid	1,270,611	1,126,237	1,303,840	
Cost of investments acquired:				
Debt securities	(462,989)	(347,164)	(223,910)	
Preferred and common stocks	(816,114)	(807,957)	(477,124)	
Mortgage loans	_	_	(7,400)	
Real estate	(5,348)	(4,228)	(314)	
Other invested assets	(563,986)	(533,987)	(291,864)	
Miscellaneous applications	(830)	(6,291)	(42,824)	
Total cost of investments acquired	(1,849,267)	(1,699,627)	(1,043,436)	
Net change in policy and other loans	2,815	7,002	6,401	
Net cash from (for) investments	(575,841)	(566,388)	266,805	
Financing activities				
Surplus notes, capital notes	_	497,635		
Capital and paid in surplus, less treasury stock	190,000	, <u> </u>	45,000	
Borrowed funds	48,967	_	, <u> </u>	
Net deposits on deposit-type contract funds and other insurance liabilities	(6,171)	(8,197)	(7,094)	
Dividends paid to stockholder	_	(50,000)	_	
Other cash provided (applied)	(25,207)	(91,150)	(52,807)	
Net cash from (for) financing and miscellaneous sources	207,589	348,288	(14,901)	
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	(335,547)	31,899	248,585	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:	(000,047)	51,077	2.0,505	
Beginning of year	358,026	326,127	77,542	
End of year	\$ 22,479	\$ 358,026 \$	326,127	

 $See\ accompanying\ notes.$

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company (the Company) is a stock life insurance company that offers primarily individual traditional and whole life insurance policies. The Company is licensed in 46 states and the District of Columbia. For the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 68.5% of the gross premiums and annuity considerations for the Company were derived from California, Illinois, Indiana, North Carolina, Ohio, and Pennslyvania. The Company is domiciled in Ohio. The Company is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Western & Southern Mutual Holding Company (Mutual Holding), a mutual holding company formed pursuant to the insurance regulations of the State of Ohio. Ohio law requires Mutual Holding to hold at least a majority voting interest in the Company. Currently, Mutual Holding indirectly holds 100% of the voting interest through Western & Southern Financial Group, Inc. (WSFG), its wholly-owned subsidiary. The Company wholly owns the following insurance entities: Western-Southern Life Assurance Company (WSLAC), Columbus Life Insurance Company (Columbus Life), Integrity Life Insurance Company (Integrity) and Gerber Life Insurance Company (National).

State regulatory authorities have powers relating to granting and revoking licenses to transact business, the licensing of agents, the regulation of premium rates and trade practices, the form and content of insurance policies, the content of advertising material, financial statements and the nature of permitted practices.

Included within the financial statements, the Company has established and operates a closed block for the benefit of holders of most participating individual ordinary and weekly industrial life insurance policies issued on or before the formation of Mutual Holding in 2000 (the Closed Block). Assets have been allocated to the Closed Block in an amount that is expected to produce cash flows which, together with anticipated revenue from the policies included in the Closed Block, are reasonably expected to be sufficient to support the Closed Block policies, the continuation of policyholder dividends, in aggregate, in accordance with the 2000 dividend scale if the experience underlying such scale continues, and for appropriate adjustments in the dividend scale if the experience changes. Invested assets allocated to the Closed Block consist primarily of high-quality debt securities, mortgage loans, policy loans, short-term investments, other invested assets, and securities lending reinvested collateral. Invested assets of \$1,828.7 million and \$1,911.4 million were allocated to the Closed Block as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The assets allocated to the Closed Block inure solely for the benefit of the Closed Block policyholders and will not revert to the benefit of the Company. The purpose of the Closed Block is to protect the policy dividend expectations of these policies after the formation of Mutual Holding. The Closed Block will continue in effect until the last policy in the Closed Block is no longer in force.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of statutory-basis financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Ohio Department of Insurance (the Department). The National Association of Insurance Commissioners' (NAIC) Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual (NAIC SAP or SSAP) has been adopted as a component of prescribed or permitted practices by the State of Ohio. These practices differ in some respects from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The more significant differences follow.

Investments

Investments in debt securities and mandatory redeemable preferred stocks are reported at amortized cost or fair value based on the NAIC's rating; for GAAP, such fixed maturity investments are designated at purchase as held-to-maturity, trading or available-for-sale. Held-to-maturity fixed investments are reported at amortized cost, and the remaining fixed maturity investments are reported at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses reported in the statement of operations for those designated as trading and as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss) for those designated as available-for-sale.

All single-class and multiclass mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities (e.g., CMOs) are adjusted for the effects of changes in prepayment assumptions on the related accretion of discount or amortization of premium of such securities using the retrospective method. The prospective method is used to determine amortized cost for securities that experience a decline that is deemed to be other-than-temporary. Securities that are in an unrealized loss position which the Company intends to sell, or does not have the intent and ability to hold until recovery, are written down to fair value as a realized loss. Securities that are in an unrealized loss position which the Company has the intent and ability to hold until recovery are written down to the extent the present value of expected future cash flows using the security's effective yield is lower than the amortized cost. For GAAP purposes, all securities, purchased or retained, that represent beneficial interests in securitized assets (e.g., CMO, CBO, CDO, CLO, MBS and ABS securities), other than high credit quality securities, are adjusted using the prospective method when there is a change in estimated future cash flows. If it is determined that a decline in fair value is other-than-temporary, the cost basis of the security is written down to the extent the present value of expected future cash flows using the security's effective yield is lower than the amortized cost. If high credit quality securities are adjusted, the retrospective method is used.

The Company monitors other investments to determine if there has been an other-than-temporary decline in fair value. Factors that management considers for each identified security include the following:

- The extent the fair value has been below the book/adjusted carrying value;
- The reasons for the decline in value;
- Specific credit issues related to the issuer and current economic conditions, including the current and future impact of any specific events;
- For structured investments (e.g., residential mortgage-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities and other structured investments), factors such as overall deal structure and the Company's position within the structure, quality of underlying collateral, delinquencies and defaults, loss severities, recoveries, prepayments and cumulative loss projections are considered;

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

- For all equity securities and other debt securities with credit-related declines in fair value, the Company's intent and ability to hold the security long enough for it to recover its value to book/ adjusted carrying value; and
- For all other debt securities with interest-related declines in fair value, the Company's intent to sell the security before recovery of its book/adjusted carrying value.

If the decline is judged to be other-than-temporary, an impairment charge to fair value is recorded as a net realized capital loss in the period the determination is made. Under GAAP, if the decline is judged to be other-than-temporary because the Company has the intent to sell the debt security or is more likely than not to be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery, an impairment charge to fair value is recorded as a net realized capital loss. If the decline is judged to be other-than-temporary because the Company does not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security due to expected credit losses, an impairment charge is recorded to net realized capital loss as the difference between amortized cost and the net present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate implicit in the debt security prior to impairment.

Investments in real estate are reported net of required obligations rather than on a gross basis as for GAAP. Real estate owned and occupied by the Company is included in investments rather than reported as an operating asset as under GAAP, and investment income and operating expenses include rent for the Company's occupancy of those properties.

Under a formula prescribed by the NAIC, the Company defers the portion of realized capital gains and losses on sales of fixed income investments, principally debt securities and mortgage loans, attributable to changes in the general level of interest rates and amortizes those deferrals over the remaining period to maturity based on groupings of individual security sold in five-year bands. The net deferral is reported as the interest maintenance reserve (IMR) in the accompanying balance sheets. Realized capital gains and losses are reported in income net of federal income tax and transfers to the IMR. Under GAAP, realized capital gains and losses are reported in the statement of operations on a pretax basis in the period that the assets giving rise to the gains or losses are sold.

The asset valuation reserve (AVR) provides a valuation allowance for invested assets. The AVR is determined by an NAIC prescribed formula with changes reflected directly in capital and surplus. AVR is not recognized for GAAP.

Subsidiaries

The accounts and operations of the Company's subsidiaries are not consolidated with the accounts and operations of the Company as would be required under GAAP.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Policy Acquisition Costs

The costs of acquiring and renewing business are expensed when incurred. Under GAAP, policy acquisition costs, related to traditional life insurance and certain long-duration accident and health insurance policies sold, to the extent recoverable from future policy revenues, would be deferred and amortized over the premium-paying period of the related policies using assumptions consistent with those used in computing policy benefit reserves; for universal life insurance and investment products, to the extent recoverable from future gross profits, deferred policy acquisition costs are amortized generally in proportion to the present value of expected gross profits from surrender charges and investments, mortality, and expense margins.

Nonadmitted Assets

Certain assets designated as "nonadmitted" (principally investments in unaudited subsidiaries and controlled and affiliated entities, the pension asset, and a trademark license agreement), and other assets not specifically identified as admitted assets within the NAIC's *Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual*, are excluded from the accompanying balance sheets and are charged directly to accumulated surplus. Under GAAP, such assets are included in the balance sheets.

Premiums and Benefits

Revenues for universal life and annuity policies with mortality or morbidity risk, except for guaranteed interest and group annuity contracts, consist of the entire premium received, and benefits incurred represent the total of death benefits paid and the change in policy reserves. Premiums received for annuity policies without mortality or morbidity risk and for guaranteed interest and group annuity contracts are recorded using deposit accounting, and credited directly to an appropriate policy reserve account, without recognizing premium income. Under GAAP, premiums received in excess of policy charges would not be recognized as premium revenue and benefits would represent the excess of benefits paid over the policy account value and interest credited to the account values.

Benefit Reserves

Certain policy reserves are calculated using statutorily prescribed interest and mortality assumptions rather than on estimated expected experience or actual account balances as would be required under GAAP.

Reinsurance

A liability for reinsurance balances is required to be provided for unsecured policy reserves ceded to reinsurers not authorized to assume such business. Changes to those amounts are credited or charged directly to capital and surplus. Under GAAP, an allowance for amounts deemed uncollectible would be established through a charge to earnings.

Policy and contract liabilities ceded to reinsurers have been reported as reductions of the related reserves rather than as assets as would be required under GAAP. Commissions allowed by reinsurers on business ceded are reported as income when incurred rather than being deferred and amortized with policy acquisition costs as required under GAAP.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Employee Benefits

For purposes of calculating the Company's pension and postretirement benefit obligations, vested participants, non-vested participants and current retirees are included in the valuation. The prepaid pension asset resulting from the excess of the fair value of plan assets over the benefit obligation, which is nonadmitted under statutory accounting rules, is included in other comprehensive income under GAAP.

Deferred Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recorded for the amount of gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized in future years, and a valuation allowance is established for deferred tax assets not meeting a more-likely-than-not realization threshold. Deferred tax assets are limited to 1) the amount of federal income taxes paid in prior years that can be recovered through loss carrybacks for existing temporary differences that reverse during a time frame corresponding with Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tax loss carryback provisions, not to exceed three years, including amounts established in accordance with the provision of SSAP No. 5R, plus 2) for entities who meet the required realization threshold in SSAP No. 101, the lesser of the remaining gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized within three years of the balance sheet date or 15% of capital and surplus excluding any net deferred tax assets, electronic data processing equipment and operating software and any net positive goodwill, plus 3) the amount of remaining gross deferred tax assets that can be offset against existing gross deferred tax liabilities. The remaining deferred tax assets are nonadmitted. Under GAAP, a deferred tax asset is recorded for the amount of gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized in all future years, and a valuation allowance is established for deferred tax assets not meeting a more-likely-than-not realization threshold.

Policyholder Dividends

Policyholder dividends are recognized when declared rather than over the term of the related policies.

Surplus Notes

Surplus Notes are classified as a component of equity rather than as long-term debt.

Statements of Cash Flow

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments in the statements of cash flow represent cash balances and investments with initial maturities of one year or less. Under GAAP, the corresponding captions of cash and cash equivalents include cash balances and investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

Other significant statutory accounting practices follow.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Restricted Assets

The Company has assets pledged as collateral, or otherwise not exclusively under control of the Company, totaling \$147.4 million and \$68.5 million as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. These assets are primarily collateral held in relation to the Company's securities lending program. These restricted assets are discussed in more detail in their relevant section.

Investments

Debt securities, common stocks, preferred stocks, and short-term investments are stated at values prescribed by the NAIC, as follows:

Debt securities not backed by other loans are principally stated at amortized cost using the interest method.

Single-class and multiclass mortgage-backed/asset-backed securities are valued at amortized cost using the interest method including anticipated prepayments. Prepayment assumptions are obtained from Bloomberg and broker-dealer prepayment models or derived from empirical data and are based on the current interest rate and economic environment. The retrospective adjustment method is used to value all such securities except securities that are deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired and securities that are principal-only or interest-only, which are valued using the prospective method.

Unaffiliated common stocks are reported at fair value utilizing publicly quoted prices from third-party pricing services and the related unrealized capital gains and losses are reported in capital and surplus along with any adjustment for federal income taxes.

Redeemable preferred stocks that have characteristics of debt securities and are rated as medium quality or better are reported or amortized cost. All other redeemable preferred stocks are reported at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. Perpetual preferred stocks are valued at fair value, not exceeding any currently effective call price, utilizing publicly quoted prices from third-party pricing services and the related unrealized capital gains and losses are reported in capital and surplus along with any adjustment for federal income taxes.

There are no restrictions on unaffiliated common or preferred stocks.

Short-term investments include investments with remaining maturities of one year or less at the date of acquisition and are principally stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and are principally stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

The Company's insurance subsidiaries are reported at their underlying audited statutory equity. The Company's noninsurance subsidiaries are reported based on underlying audited GAAP equity. The net change in the subsidiaries' equity is included in capital and surplus.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Joint ventures, partnerships, and limited liability companies are carried at the Company's interest in the underlying audited GAAP equity of the investee. Undistributed earnings allocated to the Company are reported in the change in net unrealized capital gains or losses. Distributions from earnings of the investees are reported as net investment income when received. Because of the indirect nature of these investments, there is an inherent reduction in transparency and liquidity and increased complexity in valuing the underlying investments. As a result, these investments are actively managed by the Company's management via detailed evaluation of the investment performance relative to risk.

Mortgage loans are reported at unpaid principal balances, less an allowance for impairment. A mortgage loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all principal and interest amounts due according to the contractual terms of the mortgage agreement. When management determines foreclosure is probable, the impairment is other than temporary; the mortgage loan is written down to realizable value and a realized loss is recognized.

Policy loans are reported at unpaid principal balances.

Real estate occupied by the Company and real estate held for the production of income are reported at depreciated cost net of related obligations. Real estate that the Company has the intent to sell is reported at the lower of depreciated cost or fair value, net of related obligations. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the properties.

Property acquired in the satisfaction of debt is recorded at the lower of cost less accumulated depreciation or fair market value.

Debt securities and other loan interest are credited to income as it accrues. Dividends are recorded as income on ex-dividend dates. To the extent income is uncertain, due and accrued income is excluded and treated as nonadmitted through surplus.

The Company utilizes customized call and put options to hedge market volatility related to the S&P 500 index. At the beginning of these contracts, a premium is either paid or received for transferring the related risk. The options are not designated as a hedge for accounting purposes and are carried at fair value on the balance sheet with changes in fair value recorded in surplus. The related gains and losses from terminations or expirations are recorded in realized capital gains and losses.

Realized capital gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

Premiums

Life and accident and health premiums are recognized as revenue when due. Premiums for annuity policies with mortality and morbidity risk, except for guaranteed interest and group annuity contracts, are also recognized as revenue when due. Premiums received for annuity policies without mortality or morbidity risk and for guaranteed interest and group annuity contracts are recorded using deposit accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Policy Reserves

Life, annuity and accident and health disability benefit reserves are developed by actuarial methods and are determined based on published tables using statutorily specified interest rates and valuation methods that will provide, in the aggregate, reserves that are greater than or equal to the minimum or guaranteed policy cash values or the amounts required by the Department. The Company waives deduction of deferred fractional premiums on the death of life and annuity policy insureds and does return any premium beyond the date of death. Surrender values on policies do not exceed the corresponding benefit reserves. Policies issued subject to multiple table substandard extra premiums are valued on the standard reserve basis which recognizes the nonlevel incidence of the excess mortality costs. Additional reserves are established when the results of cash flow testing under various interest rate scenarios indicate the need for such reserves, or the net premiums exceed the gross premiums on any insurance in-force.

For policies issued in 2020 or after, life insurance reserves are developed using principle-based policyholder and asset assumptions with margins and floored at formulaic reserves based upon published tables using statutorily specified interest rates and valuation methods.

Formulaic policy reserves for life insurance and supplemental benefits are computed on the Commissioner's Reserve Valuation Method. The following mortality tables and interest rates are used:

Percentage of Reserves

	r er centage of	Mesel ves
	2022	2021
Life insurance:		
1941 Commissioners Standard Ordinary, 2-1/4% - 3-1/2%	6.1 %	6.5 %
1941 Standard Industrial, 2-1/2% - 3-1/2%	8.8	9.2
1958 Commissioners Standard Ordinary, 2-1/2% - 6%	16.3	17.1
1980 Commissioners Standard Ordinary, 4% - 6%	39.8	39.9
2001 Commissioners Standard Ordinary, 3-1/2% - 4-1/2%	23.7	21.8
Other, 2-1/2% - 6%	4.3	4.4
	99.0	98.9
Other benefits (including annuities):		
Various, 2-1/2% - 8-1/4%	1.0	1.1
	100.0 %	100.0 %

The mean reserve method is used to adjust the calculated terminal reserve to the appropriate reserve at December 31. Mean reserves are determined by computing the regular mean reserve for the plan at the rated age and holding, in addition, one-half of the extra premium charge for the year. Policies issued after July 1 for substandard lives, are charged an extra premium plus the regular premium for the true age. Mean reserves are based on appropriate multiples of standard rates of mortality. An asset is recorded for deferred premiums net of loading to adjust the reserve for modal premium payments.

For substandard table ratings, mean reserves are based on 125% to 500% of standard mortality rates. For flat extra ratings, mean reserves are based on the standard or substandard mortality rates increased by 1 to 25 deaths per thousand.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, reserves of \$13.7 million and \$15.2 million, respectively, were recorded on in-force amounts of \$803.7 million and \$899.5 million, respectively, for which gross premiums are less than the net premiums according to the standard of valuation required by the Department. The Company anticipates investment income as a factor in the premium deficiency calculation for all accident and health contracts.

Tabular interest, tabular less actual reserves released, and tabular cost have been determined by formula. Tabular interest on funds not involving life contingencies is calculated as one-hundredth of the product of such valuation rate of interest times the mean of the amount of funds subject to such valuation rate of interest held at the beginning and end of the year of valuation.

The establishment of appropriate reserves is an inherently uncertain process, and there can be no assurance that the ultimate liability will not exceed the Company's policy reserves and have an adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and financial condition. Due to the inherent uncertainty of estimating reserves, it has been necessary, and may over time continue to be necessary, to revise estimated future liabilities as reflected in the Company's policy reserves.

Policyholders' Dividends

The amount of policyholders' dividends to be paid (including those on policies included in the Closed Block) is determined annually by the Company's Board of Directors. The aggregate amount of policyholders' dividends is related to actual interest, mortality, morbidity and expense experience for the year and judgment as to the appropriate level of statutory surplus to be retained by the Company.

Policy and Contract Claims

Policy and contract claims in process of settlement represent the estimated ultimate net cost of all reported and unreported claims incurred through December 31, 2022 and 2021. The reserves for unpaid claims are estimated using individual case-basis valuations and statistical analysis. These estimates are subject to the effects of trends in claim severity and frequency. Although considerable variability is inherent in such estimates, management believes that the reserves for claims are adequate. The estimates are continually reviewed and adjusted as necessary as experience develops or new information becomes known; such adjustments are included in current operations.

Reinsurance

Reinsurance premiums and benefits paid or provided are accounted for on a basis consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts.

Securities Lending

At December 31, 2022, the Company had loaned various debt securities, preferred stocks and common stocks as part of a securities lending program administered by Deutsche Bank, of which the fair value was \$78.7 million and \$59.7 million in the general and separate account, respectively. At December 31, 2021, the Company had loaned various debt securities, preferred stocks and common stocks as part of a securities lending program administered by Deutsche Bank, of which the fair value was \$61.0 million and

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

\$0.4 million in the general and separate account, respectively. The Company maintains effective control over all loaned securities and, therefore, continues to report such securities as invested assets in the balance sheets. The general account collateral is managed by both an affiliated and unaffiliated agent. The separate account is managed by an unaffiliated agent.

The Company requires at the initial transaction that the fair value of the cash collateral received must be equal to 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities. The Company monitors the ratio of the fair value of the collateral to loaned securities to ensure it does not fall below 100%. If the fair value of the collateral falls below 100% of the fair value of the securities loaned, the Company nonadmits that portion of the loaned security. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not nonadmit any portion of the loaned securities.

The Company reports all collateral on the balance sheet with an offsetting liability recognized for the obligation to return the collateral. Collateral for the securities lending program is either managed by an affiliated agent of the Company or is managed by Deutsche Bank, an unaffiliated agent. Collateral managed by an affiliated agent, which approximated \$62.6 million and \$28.6 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, is invested primarily in investment-grade debt securities and cash equivalents and is included in the applicable amount on the balance sheets because the funds are available for the general use of the Company. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, collateral managed by an unaffiliated agent, which approximated \$17.8 million and \$33.6 million respectively, was invested in cash equivalents and was included in securities lending reinvested collateral assets on the balance sheet.

At December 31, 2022, the collateral for all securities on loan could be requested to be returned on demand by the borrower. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the fair value of the total collateral in the general account was \$80.4 million and \$62.2 million, respectively. The fair value of the total collateral in the separate account was \$61.1 million and \$0.4 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, which was all managed by an unaffiliated agent.

The aggregate collateral broken out by maturity date is as follows at December 31, 2022:

	Aı	mortized Cost	,	Fair Value
	(In Thousands)			ds)
Open	\$	_	\$	_
30 days or less		30,672		30,666
31 to 60 days		5,340		5,336
61 to 90 days		5,460		5,440
91 to 120 days		5,549		5,530
121 to 180 days		1,853		1,845
181 to 365 days		5,000		5,000
1 to 2 years		_		_
2 to 3 years		_		_
Greater than 3 years		26,575		26,575
Total collateral	\$	80,449	\$	80,392

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

At December 31, 2022, all of the collateral held for the securities lending program was invested in tradable securities that could be sold and used to pay for the \$80.9 million and \$61.1 million in the general and separate accounts, respectively, in collateral calls that could come due under a worst-case scenario where all collateral was called simultaneously.

The Company does not accept collateral that is not permitted by contract or custom to sell or repledge. The Company does not have any securities lending transactions that extend beyond one year from the reporting date.

Separate Account

The Company maintains a separate account, which holds all of the Company's pension plan assets. The assets of the separate account consist primarily of marketable securities, which are recorded at fair value. These assets are considered legally insulated from the general accounts.

There are no separate account liabilities that are guaranteed by the general account. (See Note 10 for further discussion on the general account's responsibility as it relates to the obligations of the Company's pension plan).

The activity within the separate account, including realized and unrealized gains or losses on its investments, has no effect on net income or capital and surplus of the Company. The Company's statements of operations reflect annuity payments to pension plan participants and other expenses of the separate account, as well as the reimbursement of such expenses from the separate account.

Federal Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated income tax return with its eligible subsidiaries and affiliates. The provision for federal income taxes is allocated to the individual companies using a separate return method based upon a written tax-sharing agreement. Under the agreement, the benefits from losses of subsidiaries and affiliates are retained by the subsidiary and affiliated companies. The Company pays all federal income taxes due for all members of the group. The Company then immediately charges or reimburses, as the case may be, the members of the group an amount consistent with the method described in the tax-sharing agreement.

The Company includes interest and penalties in the federal income tax line on the statements of operations.

Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions

The Company accounts for its postretirement benefits other than pensions on an accrual basis. The postretirement benefit obligation for current retirees and fully eligible employees is measured by estimating the actuarial present value of benefits expected to be received at retirement using explicit assumptions.

Actuarial and investment gains and losses arising from differences between assumptions and actual experience upon subsequent remeasurement of the obligation may be recognized as a component of the

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

net periodic benefit cost in the current period or amortized. The net gain or loss will be included as a component of net postretirement benefit cost for a year if, as of the beginning of the year, the unrecognized net gain or loss exceeds 10% of the postretirement benefit obligation. That gain or loss, if not recognized immediately, will be amortized over the average life expectancy of the employer's fully vested and retiree group.

Accounting Changes

There were no material accounting changes in 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Business Combinations

On December 31, 2018, the Company purchased 100% of the common stock of Gerber Life from Nestlé S.A. ("Nestlé"). Gerber Life is an insurer that operates primarily in the juvenile life insurance and medical stop-loss insurance markets. Gerber Life is New York-domiciled and is licensed in 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and certain Canadian provinces. The cost of the acquired entity was \$1,257.3 million. The original goodwill balance was \$945.5 million, of which \$528.1 million was admitted.

The transaction was accounted for as a statutory purchase and reflects the following:

Year	Admitted Goodwill at Reporting Date	Goodwill Amortize in Period	d	Book Value of Acquisition	Admitted Goodwill as a % of Admitted Acquisition
		(In Thousands)			
2022	\$ 567,328	\$ 94,55	55 \$	1,149,908	49.3 %
2021	592,621	94,55	55	1,132,673	52.3
				2022	2021
				(In	n Thousands)
Compa	any Surplus as of Septen	nber 30		\$ 6,532,21	9 \$ 6,532,800
Less	September 30 electronic	c data processing		10,31	8 9,907
Less September 30 net deferred tax assets			51,15	12,663	
Less September 30 net positive goodwill			590,96	584,021	
Adjuste	ed Company surplus as	of September 30		\$ 5,879,77	7 \$ 5,926,209
Admitt	ed goodwill as a percen	tage of adjusted surplu	.S	9.	6 % 10.0 %

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is exposed to risk associated with the ongoing outbreak of coronavirus ("COVID-19") and is actively monitoring developments through governmental briefings and the relevant health authorities. The effects of the outbreak on the Company are uncertain and difficult to predict, as the situation continues to evolve. Risks include (but are not limited to) the disruption of business operations due to changing work environments for employees, agents and distributors, and business partners; potential economic hardship of policyholders and issuers of investments held by the Company; and disruptions of

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

product marketing and sales efforts. The Company has business continuity plans in place to mitigate the risks posed to business operations by disruptive incidents such as these.

Subsequent Events

The Company recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date. For nonrecognized subsequent events that must be disclosed to keep the financial statements from being misleading, the Company is required to disclose the nature of the event as well as an estimate of its financial effect, or a statement that such an estimate cannot be made. Management has evaluated subsequent events through the issuance of these financial statements on April 17, 2023.

Note 4 describes events that occurred subsequent to the December 31, 2022, financial statement date; the Company sold equity securities to an affiliate, received an ordinary dividend from a subsidiary, and paid an ordinary dividend to its parent.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

2. Investments

The book/adjusted carrying value and fair value of the Company's investments in debt securities are summarized as follows:

	Book/ Adjusted Carrying Value	Uı	Gross nrealized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses		Fair Value
			(In Tho	usa	ınds)		
At December 31, 2022:							
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporation and agencies	\$ 23,341	\$	314	\$	(394)	\$	23,261
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	9,805		341		_		10,146
Non-U.S. government securities	77,002		23		(12,656)		64,369
Corporate securities	2,385,532		62,279		(235,690)		2,212,121
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	22,852		32		(4,447)		18,437
Residential mortgage-backed securities	120,923		3,874		(11,603)		113,194
Asset-backed securities	130,255		1,844		(8,123)		123,976
Total	\$ 2,769,710	\$	68,707	\$	(272,913)	\$:	2,565,504
At December 31, 2021: U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of							
U.S. government corporation and agencies	\$ 87,594	\$	1,949	\$	(23)	\$	89,520
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	12,801	•	2,409		_	·	15,210
Non-U.S. government securities	89,164		7,036		(808)		95,392
Corporate securities	2,388,268		528,744		(5,628)		2,911,384
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	43,056		1,099		(401)		43,754
Residential mortgage-backed securities	138,700		14,086		(61)		152,725
Asset-backed securities	112,839		14,561		(269)		127,131
Total	\$ 2,872,422	\$	569,884	\$	(7,190)	\$:	3,435,116

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company held unrated or below-investment-grade corporate debt securities with a book/adjusted carrying value of \$90.7 million and \$101.5 million, respectively, and an aggregate fair value of \$78.3 million and \$110.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, such holdings amounted to 3.3% and 3.5%, respectively, of the Company's investments in debt securities and 0.7% and 0.8%, respectively, of the Company's total admitted assets. The Company performs periodic evaluations of the relative credit standing of the issuers of these debt securities. The Company considers these evaluations in its overall investment strategy.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Unrealized gains and losses on investments in unaffiliated common stocks, mutual funds and common stocks of subsidiaries are reported directly in capital and surplus and do not affect net income. The unrealized gains and unrealized losses on, and the cost and fair value of those investments and preferred stocks are as follows:

		Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains			Gross nrealized Losses		Fair Value
				(In Tho	ousands)			
At December 31, 2022:								
Preferred stocks	\$	44,868	\$	2,453	\$	(4,807)	\$	42,514
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	290,425	\$	212,017	\$	(8,987)	\$	493,455
Common stocks, mutual funds		390,433		1,629		(25,981)		366,081
Common stocks, subsidiaries	3	3,843,604		956,870		(207,865)		4,592,609
,		1,524,462	\$	1,170,516	\$	(242,833)		5,452,145
			U	Gross nrealized	U	Gross nrealized		Fair
		Cost		Gains		Losses		Value
		Cost		Gains (In Tho	usa			
At December 31, 2021:				(In Tho		ınds)		Value
At December 31, 2021: Preferred stocks	<u>\$</u>	20,048	\$		usa \$		\$	
Preferred stocks Common stocks, unaffiliated	<u>\$</u> \$	20,048	\$	(In Tho 1,017 332,783		(29) (8,916)		21,036 749,229
Preferred stocks Common stocks, unaffiliated Common stocks, mutual funds	·	20,048 425,362 229,995	\$	(In Tho 1,017 332,783 30,775	\$	(29) (8,916) (445)	\$	21,036 749,229 260,325
Preferred stocks Common stocks, unaffiliated	·	20,048	\$	(In Tho 1,017 332,783	\$	(29) (8,916)	\$	21,036 749,229

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The following table shows unrealized losses and fair values, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position.

	Unrealized Losses Less Than 12 Months					Unrealize reater Tha to 12 M	n or Equal		
	Unrealized Fair Losses Value					nrealized Losses		Fair Value	
				(In Tho	usa	nds)			
At December 31, 2022:									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$	(316)	\$	4,746	\$	(78)	\$	722	
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states						_		_	
Non-U.S. government securities		(8,514)		49,059		(4,142)		14,328	
Corporate securities		(205,116)	1	,258,582		(30,574)		83,859	
Commercial mortgage-backed securities ⁽¹⁾		(2,573)		9,681		(1,874)		7,117	
Residential mortgage-backed securities ⁽¹⁾		(11,331)		89,104		(272)		2,028	
Asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾		(6,719)		70,775		(1,404)		16,583	
Total	\$	(234,569)	\$1	,481,947	\$	(38,344)	\$	124,637	
Preferred stocks	\$	(4,807)	\$	26,923	\$		\$		
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	(8,987)	\$	42,253	\$	_	\$		
Common stocks, mutual funds		(25,981)		327,028					
Total	\$	(34,968)	\$	369,281	\$	_	\$		

⁽¹⁾ Amounts relate to securities subject to SSAP 43R.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

	Unrealized Losses Less Than 12 Months				G	Unrealize reater Tha to 12 M	n (or Equal
	Unrealized Fair Losses Value				Unrealized Losses			Fair Value
				(In Tho	ousands)			
At December 31, 2021:								
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$	(13)	\$	439	\$	(10)	\$	325
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states		_				_		
Non-U.S. government securities		(808)		17,696				_
Corporate securities		(5,344)		169,484		(284)		5,585
Commercial mortgage-backed securities ⁽¹⁾		(377)		28,862		(24)		1,106
Residential mortgage-backed securities(1)		(19)		2,080		(42)		975
Asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾		(269)		19,088				
Total	\$	(6,830)	\$	237,649	\$	(360)	\$	7,991
Preferred stocks	\$	(29)	\$	837	\$		\$	
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	(8,916)	\$	64,389	\$		\$	
Common stocks, mutual funds		(445)		28,495				
Total	\$	(9,361)	\$	92,884	\$		\$	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts relate to securities subject to SSAP 43R.

Investments that are impaired at December 31, 2022 and 2021, for which other-than-temporary impairments have not been recognized, consist mainly of corporate debt securities, asset-backed securities, residential mortgage-backed securities and unaffiliated common stocks.

The aggregated unrealized loss is approximately 13.5% and 4.7% of the carrying value of securities considered temporarily impaired at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At December 31, 2022, there were a total of 570 securities held that are considered temporarily impaired, 29 of which have been impaired for 12 months or longer. At December 31, 2021, there were a total of 105 securities held that were considered temporarily impaired, 8 of which had been impaired for 12 months or longer. The Company recorded other-than-temporary impairments on securities of \$12.4 million, \$3.0 million and \$4.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The following is a list of each loan-backed security held at December 31, 2022, with a recognized other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) for the year ended December 31, 2022, where the present value of

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

future cash flows expected to be collected was less than the amortized cost basis of the securities.

CUSIP	Book Carry Val Amor Cost B Curry Period	ying ue tized Sefore cent	V F	resent alue of Cuture Cash Flows	Recognized Other- Than- Temporary Impairment			mortized ost After Other- Than- emporary pairment		Fair Value	Date of Other- Than- Temporary Impairment
				(In	The	ousands)					
For the year ended	, Decemb	per 31, 2	022	•							
466247-JU-8	\$	491	\$	439	\$	52	\$	439	\$	401	06/30/2022
466247-JU-8		435		434		1		434		378	09/30/2022
02660T-ER-0		44		43		1		43		39	12/31/2022
12667G-AH-6		313		312		1		312		293	12/31/2022
61752R-AL-6		153		147		6		147		145	12/31/2022
34918T-AC-0		46,030		39,963		6,067		39,963		28,706	12/31/2022
Total		XXX		XXX	\$	6,128		XXX		XXX	XXX

The Company had no OTTI on loan-backed securities for the year ended December 31, 2022, due to the intent to sell the security or the inability or lack of intent to retain the investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to recover the amortized cost basis of the security.

A summary of the cost or amortized cost and fair value of the Company's debt securities at December 31, 2022, by contractual maturity, is as follows:

	Book/ Adjusted Carrying Fair Value Value
	(In Thousands)
Years to maturity:	
One or less	\$ 61,465 \$ 61,683
After one through five	166,288 166,255
After five through ten	549,114 558,625
After ten	1,718,813 1,523,334
Mortgage-backed securities/asset-backed securities	274,030 255,607
Total	\$ 2,769,710 \$ 2,565,504

The expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities in the foregoing table because certain borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties and because asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities (including floating-rate securities) provide for periodic payments throughout their lives.

Proceeds from sales of investments in debt securities during 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$248.3 million, \$33.6 million, and \$114.5 million; gross gains of \$5.1 million, \$1.0 million, and \$2.5 million and gross losses of \$1.0 million, \$0.0 million, and \$0.4 million were realized on these sales in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Proceeds from the sales of investments in equity securities during 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$372.1 million, \$284.5 million, and \$655.6 million; gross gains of \$67.6 million, \$45.3 million, and \$154.6 million and gross losses of \$22.3 million, \$4.1 million, and \$84.4 million were realized on these sales in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Realized capital gains (losses) are reported net of federal income taxes and amounts transferred to the IMR as follows for the years ended December 31:

	2022	2021	2020	
	 (-	In Thousands)		
Realized capital gains (losses)	\$ 10,230	\$ (78,811) \$	25,075	
Less amount transferred to IMR (net of related taxes (benefits) of \$1,327 in 2022, \$248 in 2021, and \$3,097 in 2020)	4,993	932	11,649	
Less federal income tax expense (benefit) of realized capital gains (losses)	9,222	(4,798)	4,556	
Net realized capital gains (losses)	\$ (3,985)	\$ (74,945) \$	8,870	

Net investment income was generated from the following for the years ended December 31:

		2022	2021		2020
Debt securities	\$	141,466	\$ 158,76	0 \$	144,132
Equity securities		107,536	32,00	7	24,798
Mortgage loans		2,318	2,36	3	6,281
Real estate		9,982	12,37	7	10,514
Policy loans		10,704	11,06	7	11,546
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		1,567	68	8	357
Other invested assets		274,692	390,54	1	181,415
Other		252	(78	5)	605
Gross investment income		548,517	607,01	8	379,648
Investment expenses		67,465	64,30	3	46,652
Net investment income	\$	481,052	\$ 542,71	5 \$	332,996

The Company's investments in mortgage loans principally involve commercial real estate. At December 31, 2022, 79.2% of such mortgages, or \$44.2 million, involved properties located in Ohio, Washington, and South Carolina. Such investments consist of primarily first-mortgage liens on completed income-producing properties. The aggregate mortgage outstanding to any one borrower does not exceed \$21.2 million. During 2022, there were no loans issued. At the issuance of a loan, the percentage of any one loan to value of security, exclusive of insured, guaranteed or purchase money mortgage did not exceed 80.0%. During 2022, the Company did not reduce interest rates on any outstanding mortgages.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Derivative Instruments

The Company entered into an equity hedge program designed to hedge the market value risks associated with the broad equity market. Hedging this risk reduces the economic sensitivity to price declines. At the beginning of these contracts, a premium is either paid or received for transferring the related risk. The options are not designated as a hedge for accounting purposes and are carried at fair value on the balance sheet with changes in fair value recorded in surplus. The related gains and losses from terminations or expirations are recorded in realized capital gains and losses. The change in fair value was \$0.0 million, \$50.6 million, and \$(0.7) million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The net gain/(loss) recognized through net income within realized gains and losses was \$0.0 million, \$(97.2) million, and \$(58.8) million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively. The Company closed the hedge in the first quarter of 2021.

Information related to the Company's derivative instruments as described above and the effects of offsetting on the balance sheet consisted of the following for the years ended December 31:

		2022		2021
		ousands)		
Derivative assets:				
Gross amount of recognized assets	\$	196	\$	107
Gross amounts offset				
Net amount of assets	\$	196	\$	107
Derivative liabilities:				
Gross amount of recognized liabilities	\$		\$	
Gross amounts offset		_		
Net amount of liabilities	\$		\$	
	·			-

3. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Included in various investment-related line items in the financial statements are certain financial instruments carried at fair value. Other financial instruments are periodically measured at fair value such as when impaired or, for certain bonds and preferred stocks, when carried at the lower of cost or market.

The Company uses fair value measurements to record the fair value of certain assets and liabilities and to estimate the fair value of financial instruments not recorded at fair value but required to be disclosed at fair value. Certain financial instruments, particularly policyholder liabilities other than investment-type contracts, are excluded from this fair value discussion.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value have been classified, for disclosure purposes, based on the following

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of levels at the beginning of the quarterly reporting period.

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The Company's Level 1 assets and liabilities primarily include exchange-traded equity securities and mutual funds, including those which are part of the Company's separate account assets.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The Company's Level 2 assets and liabilities primarily include debt securities within the Company's separate account for which public quotations are not available, but that are priced by third-party pricing services or internal models using observable inputs. Also included in Level 2 assets and liabilities are preferred stock, fixed income residual tranches, and stock warrants. The fair value of these instruments is determined through the use of third-party pricing services or models utilizing market observable inputs.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The Company's Level 3 assets and liabilities primarily include certain debt securities and private equity securities within the Company's separate account that must be priced using non-binding broker quotes or other valuation techniques that utilize significant unobservable inputs. Also included in Level 3 assets and liabilities are common and preferred stocks being priced by broker quotes or utilizing recent financing for similar securities.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on available market information and judgments about the financial instrument, including discount rates, estimates of timing, amount of expected future cash flows and the credit standing of the issuer. Such estimates do not consider the tax impact of the realization of unrealized gains or losses.

For Level 3 investments, the fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets. In addition, the disclosed fair value may not be realized in the immediate settlement of the financial instrument.

Certain investments utilize net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient for fair value. These investments are reported separately from the hierarchy. Investments utilizing NAV consist mainly of equity interest in limited partnerships and limited liabilities in the separate account. These investments contain fixed income, common stock, and real estate characteristics. The interests in these partnerships can be sold or transferred with prior consent from the general partner. The average remaining life of the investments is 16.1 years. The Company's unfunded commitment for these investments is \$61.9 million. In addition, a collective trust in the separate account utilizing NAV is primarily investing in domestic fixed income securities. Shares in the trust can be redeemed at their net asset value. The NAV for this investment is \$10.33. The Company does not intend to sell any investments utilizing NAV.

As described below, certain fair values are determined through the use of third-party pricing services. Management does not adjust prices received from third parties; however, the Company does analyze the third-party pricing services' valuation methodologies and related inputs and performs additional evaluation to determine the appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy. The Company performs

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

annual due diligence of third-party pricing services, which includes assessing the vendor's valuation qualifications, control environment, analysis of asset class-specific valuation methodologies and understanding of market observable assumptions and unobservable assumptions, if any, employed in the valuation methodology. Care should be exercised in deriving conclusions about the Company's business, its value or financial position based on the fair value information of financial instruments presented below. The following discussion describes the valuation methodologies utilized by the Company for assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value.

Debt and Equity Securities

The fair values of debt securities and asset/mortgage-backed securities have been determined through the use of third-party pricing services utilizing market observable inputs. Private placement securities trading in less liquid or illiquid markets with limited or no pricing information are valued using either broker quotes or by discounting the expected cash flows using current market-consistent rates applicable to the yield, credit quality and maturity of each security.

The fair values of actively traded equity securities and exchange traded funds (including exchange traded funds with debt like characteristics) have been determined utilizing publicly quoted prices obtained from third-party pricing services. The fair values of certain equity securities for which no publicly quoted prices are available have been determined through the use of third-party pricing services utilizing market observable inputs. Actively traded mutual funds are valued using the net asset values of the funds. The fair value of equity securities included in Level 3 has been determined by utilizing broker quotes or recent financing for similar securities.

Mortgage Loans

The fair values for mortgage loans, consisting principally of commercial real estate loans, are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses, using interest rates currently being offered for similar loans collateralized by properties with similar investment risk. The fair values for mortgage loans in default are established at the lower of the fair value of the underlying collateral less costs to sell or the carrying amount of the loan.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments

The fair values of cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments are based on quoted market prices or stated amounts.

Securities Lending Reinvested Collateral Assets

The fair values of securities lending reinvested collateral assets are determined through the use of third-party sources utilizing publicly quoted prices.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Other Invested Assets

Other invested assets primarily include surplus debentures and fixed income residual tranches for which fair values have been determined through the use of third-party pricing services utilizing market observable inputs.

Derivative Instruments

The fair values of free-standing derivative instruments, primarily stock warrants, are determined through the use of third-party pricing services or models utilizing market observable inputs.

Assets Held in Separate Accounts

Assets held in separate accounts include debt securities, equity securities, mutual funds, surplus notes, private equity, and private debt fund investments. The fair values of debt securities, equity securities and mutual funds have been determined using the same methodologies as similar assets held in the general account. The fair values of private equity and private debt fund investments have been determined utilizing the net asset values of the funds.

Life and Annuity Reserves for Investment-Type Contracts and Deposit Fund Liabilities

The fair value of liabilities for investment-type contracts is based on the present value of estimated liability cash flows, which are discounted using rates that incorporate risk-free rates and margins for the Company's own credit spread and the riskiness of cash flows. Key assumptions to the cash flow model include the timing of policyholder withdrawals and the level of interest credited to contract balances. Fair values for insurance reserves are not required to be disclosed. However, the estimated fair values of all insurance reserves and investment contracts are taken into consideration in the Company's overall management of interest rate risk.

Securities Lending Liability

The liability represents the Company's obligation to return collateral related to securities lending transactions. The liability is short-term in nature and therefore, the fair value of the obligation approximates the carrying amount.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are outlined below:

	Assets/ Liabilities) Jeasured at	Fair V	√alue	Hierarchy l	Lev	el	
	 Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	NAV
			(In T	housands)			
At December 31, 2022							
Assets:							
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$ 493,455	\$ 467,200	\$	_	\$	23,394	\$ 2,861
Common stocks, mutual funds	366,081	366,081		_		_	_
Preferred stocks	42,514	_		26,917		15,597	_
Other invested assets, fixed income residual tranche	28,701	_		28,701		_	_
Derivative assets	196	_		196		_	_
Separate account assets	 1,131,631	709,833		134,147		_	287,651
Total assets	\$ 2,062,578	\$ 1,543,114	\$	189,961	\$	38,991	\$ 290,512

	Assets/ (Liabilities) Measured at	Fair V	√alue	Hierarchy l	Lev	el	
	Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	NAV
		1	(In T	housands)			
At December 31, 2021							
Assets:							
Bonds, exchange traded funds	\$ 5,994	\$ 5,994	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Common stocks, unaffiliated	749,229	724,931		_		21,416	2,882
Common stocks, mutual funds	260,325	260,325		_		_	_
Preferred stocks	21,036	_		16,809		4,227	_
Other invested assets, fixed income residual tranche	37,091	_		37,091		_	
Derivative assets	107	_		107		_	_
Separate account assets	1,284,662	863,058		126,955		_	294,649
Total assets	\$ 2,358,444	\$ 1,854,308	\$	180,962	\$	25,643	\$ 297,531

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The reconciliation for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

		Beginning Asset/ (Liability) _ as of January 1, 2022		Asset/ Total Realized/Unrealized Gains (Liability) (Losses) Included in*: Purchases, Sales,											Ending Asset/ Liability) as of	
				Income	S	urplus	C	Other		ssuances and ettlements	Transfers Into Level 3**		(eansfers Out of Level 3	December 31, 2022	
								(In T	hous	sands)						
Assets: Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	21,416	\$	_	\$	848	\$		\$	_	\$	1,130	\$	_	\$	23,394
Preferred stocks		4,227		_		2,370		_		9,000				_		15,597
Total assets	\$	25,643	\$		\$	3,218	\$	_	\$	9,000	\$	1,130	\$	_	\$	38,991

^{*} Gains and losses for assets held in separate accounts do not impact net income or surplus as the change in value of assets held in separate accounts is offset by a change in value of liabilities related to separate accounts.

The gross purchases, issuances, sales and settlements included in the reconciliation for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Pu	rchases	Issua	ances	Sales	Settlements	Net Purchases, Issuances, Sales and Settlements
					(In Thousands)		
Assets:							
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	_	\$	— \$	_	s —	s —
Preferred stocks		9,000		_			9,000
Total assets	\$	9,000	\$	- \$		s —	\$ 9,000

^{**} Transfers into Level 3 are due to changes in the price source.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The reconciliation for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2021, is as follows:

		Beginning Asset/ (Liability) as of Total Realized/Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in*:						urchases, Sales, ssuances	T	'ransfers	Tr	ansfers	Ending Asset/ (Liability) as of		
	January 1, 2021		• /		Surplus Ot		Other		and Settlements		Into Level 3**		Out of evel 3**	December 31, 2021	
	(In Thousands)														
Assets: Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	_	\$	3,807	\$ 11,422	\$	_	\$	6,187	\$	_	\$	_	\$	21,416
Preferred stocks		146		(354)	423		_		2,999		1,013		_		4,227
Separate account assets		21,296		_	_		(5,970)		(15,326)		_		_		
Total assets	\$	21,442	\$	3,453	\$ 11,845	\$	(5,970)	\$	(6,140)	\$	1,013	\$		\$	25,643

^{*} Gains and losses for assets held in separate accounts do not impact net income or surplus as the change in value of assets held in separate accounts is offset by a change in value of liabilities related to separate accounts.

The gross purchases, issuances, sales and settlements included in the reconciliation for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2021, are as follows:

	P	urchases	Issuances		Sales	:	Settlements	et Purchases, Issuances, Sales and Settlements
				(Ir	ı Thousands)			
Assets:								
Common stocks, unaffiliated	\$	13,326	\$ _	\$	(7,139)	\$	_	\$ 6,187
Preferred stocks		2,999	_		_		_	2,999
Separate account assets					(15,326)			(15,326)
Total Assets	\$	16,325	\$ 	\$	(22,465)	\$		\$ (6,140)

The Company did not have any significant assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

^{**} Transfers into Level 3 are due to perpetual preferred stocks being carried at fair value and not on the basis of designation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's significant financial instruments follow:

, ,		1 .	_						
				December	31, 2	022			
	Carrying								
	Amount	Fair Value		Level 1		Level 2]	Level 3	 NAV
				(In Thou	sands	s)			
Assets:									
Bonds	\$ 2,769,710	\$ 2,565,504	\$	8,887	\$	2,553,262	\$	3,355	\$ _
Common stock:									
Unaffiliated	493,455	493,455		467,200		_		23,394	2,861
Mutual funds	366,081	366,081		366,081		_		_	_
Preferred stock	42,514	42,514		_		26,917		15,597	_
Mortgage loans	55,841	50,158				_		50,158	
Cash, cash equivalents and short-									
term investments	22,479	22,479		22,479					
Other invested assets:									
Surplus notes	39,025	35,761				35,761			
Fixed income residual tranche	28,701	28,701				28,701			
Securities lending reinvested									
collateral assets	17,779	17,779		17,779					
Derivative assets	196	196		_		196		_	_
Separate account assets	1,131,631	1,131,631		709,833		134,147		_	287,651
Liabilities:									
Life and annuity reserves for									
investment-type contracts and deposit fund liabilities	\$ (2,823)	\$ (2,733)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(2,733)	\$
Securities lending liability	(80,925)	(80,925)		_		(80,925)			_

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

D 1	21	2021
Decemb	or (I	71171

	Carrying						
	 Amount	Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	NAV
			(In Thou	sands	s)		
Assets:							
Bonds	\$ 2,872,422	\$ 3,435,116	\$ 22,763	\$	3,411,353	\$ 1,000	\$ _
Common stock:							
Unaffiliated	749,229	749,229	724,931			21,416	2,882
Mutual funds	260,325	260,325	260,325				_
Preferred stock	21,036	21,036			16,809	4,227	_
Mortgage loans	56,947	60,477				60,477	_
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	358,026	358,111	358,111		_	_	_
Other invested assets:							
Surplus notes	33,881	45,117			45,117	_	_
Fixed income residual tranche	37,091	37,091	_		37,091	_	_
Securities lending reinvested collateral assets	33,628	33,628	33,628		_	_	_
Derivative assets	107	107	_		107		
Separate account assets	1,284,662	1,284,662	863,058		126,955		294,649
Liabilities:							
Life and annuity reserves for investment-type contracts and deposit fund liabilities Securities lending liability	\$ (3,503) (62,436)	\$ (3,710) (62,436)	\$ _	\$	(62,436)	\$ (3,710)	\$ _
Securities fending natinity	(02,730)	(02,730)			(02,730)		

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

4. Related-Party Transactions

The Company owns a 100% interest in Integrity and WSLAC, whose carrying values based on underlying statutory surplus at December 31, 2022, are \$1.3 billion and \$1.8 billion, respectively. The accounting policies of Integrity and WSLAC are the same as those of the Company described in Note 1. The summary financial data for Integrity and WSLAC follows:

	2022	2021					
	(In Thousands)						
Integrity:							
Admitted Assets	\$ 9,377,2	15 \$ 9,956,305					
Liabilities	8,081,4	40 8,474,871					
Statutory Surplus	\$ 1,295,7	75 \$ 1,481,434					
Net Income	\$ 5,4	77 \$ 51,418					
WOLAC.							
WSLAC:	***	22					
Admitted Assets	\$ 25,363,4	32 \$ 19,537,565					
Liabilities	23,586,2	09 17,998,269					
Statutory Surplus	\$ 1,777,2	23 \$ 1,539,296					
Net Income	\$ (84,5	49) \$ 118,421					

The Company has an equity interest in certain partnerships that made payments of principal and interest under mortgage financing arrangements to subsidiaries in the amount of \$18.1 million, \$39.0 million, and \$14.9 million in 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The principal balance of the mortgage financing arrangements with subsidiaries was \$267.3 million and \$266.7 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had \$275.7 million and \$113.7 million, respectively, invested in the Touchstone Funds, which are exchange traded and mutual funds administered by Touchstone Advisors, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of the company.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had \$709.4 million and \$650.3 million respectively, invested in fixed income residual tranches and various private equity and private debt funds managed by Fort Washington Investment Advisors, Inc., an indirect subsidiary of the Company.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had \$1,214.0 million and \$1,035.5 million respectively, invested in WS Real Estate Holdings, LLC, which is a holding company managed by Eagle Realty Group, LLC, an indirect subsidiary of the Company.

In March 2023, the Company paid a \$245.0 million ordinary dividend to its parent, WSFG, which was referenced in Note 1, *Subsequent Events*. The dividend was in the form of cash.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

In March 2023, the Company received a \$150.0 million ordinary dividend from its subsidiary, WSLAC, which was referenced in Note 1, *Subsequent Events*. The dividend was in the form of cash.

In February and March 2023, the Company sold equity securities to National for \$50.0 million and \$30.0 million in cash, respectively, which was referenced in Note, 1 *Subsequent Events*.

In December 2022, the Company received a \$190.0 million capital contribution from its parent, WSFG. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In December 2022, the company paid a \$320.0 million capital contribution to its subsidiary, WSLAC. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In December 2022, the Company paid a \$50.0 million capital contribution to its subsidiary, Columbus Life. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In December 2022, the Company received an \$80.0 million ordinary dividend from is subsidiary, Integrity. The dividend was in the form of cash.

In December 2021, the company paid a \$250.0 million capital contribution to its subsidiary, WSLAC. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In November 2021, the Company paid a \$50.0 million ordinary dividend to its parent, WSFG. The dividend was in the form of cash.

In March 2021, the Company paid a \$100.0 million capital contribution to its subsidiary, Columbus Life. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In December 2020, the Company paid a \$50.0 million capital contribution to its subsidiary, Columbus Life. The contribution was in the form of cash.

In September 2020, the Company entered into a Pension Risk Transfer agreement with its subsidiary, WSLAC. Refer to Note 10 for more detail.

The Company had \$50.4 million and \$43.0 million receivable from parent, subsidiaries and affiliates as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Company had \$0.5 million and \$38.7 million payable to parent, subsidiaries and affiliates as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The terms of the settlement generally require that these amounts be settled in cash within 30 days.

The Company has entered into multiple reinsurance agreements with affiliated entities. See Note 5 for further description.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

5. Reinsurance

Certain premiums and benefits are assumed from and ceded to other insurance companies under various reinsurance agreements. The ceded reinsurance agreements provide the Company with increased capacity to write larger risks and maintain its exposure to loss within its capital resources.

The Company has a ceded reinsurance agreement with Columbus Life. Under the reinsurance agreement, Columbus Life reinsures the former liabilities of Columbus Mutual, a former affiliate, which was merged into the Company. Life and accident and health reserves ceded from the Company to Columbus Life totaled \$443.8 million and \$460.0 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

In 2006, the Company entered into a yearly renewable term reinsurance agreement with Lafayette Life, an affiliated entity, whereby the Company provides reinsurance coverage on certain life products and associated riders as this coverage is recaptured by Lafayette Life from unaffiliated reinsurers. Life reserves ceded from Lafayette Life to the Company under this agreement totaled \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Certain premiums and benefits are ceded to other unaffiliated insurance companies under various reinsurance agreements. The majority of the ceded business is due to ceding substandard business to reinsurers (facultative basis).

The effects of reinsurance on premiums, annuity considerations and deposit-type funds are as follows for the years ended December 31:

·	2022			2021		2020	
	(In Thousands)						
Direct premiums	\$	220,548	\$	225,660	\$	231,552	
Assumed premiums:							
Affiliates		1,185		1,203		1,285	
Nonaffiliates		_		_		_	
Ceded premiums:							
Affiliates		_				_	
Nonaffiliates		(6,766)		(6,517)		(6,605)	
Net premiums	\$	214,967	\$	220,346	\$	226,232	

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The Company's ceded reinsurance arrangements impacted certain other items in the accompanying financial statements by the following amounts as of and for the years ended December 31:

	2022	2021	2020			
	(In Thousands)					
Policy and contract claims:						
Affiliates	\$ —	\$ —	s —			
Nonaffiliates	2,401	4,696	4,856			
Policy and contract liabilities:						
Affiliates	443,797	460,048	478,114			
Nonaffiliates	30,758	28,786	26,517			
Amounts recoverable on reinsurance contracts:						
Affiliates						
Nonaffiliates	221	303	126			

In 2022, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not commute any ceded reinsurance nor did it enter into or engage in any agreement that reinsures policies or contracts that were in-force or had existing reserves as of the effective date of such agreements.

At December 31, 2022, the Company has no significant reserves ceded to unauthorized reinsurers. Amounts payable or recoverable for reinsurance on policy and contract liabilities are not subject to periodic or maximum limits.

Neither the Company nor any of its related parties, control directly or indirectly, any reinsurers with whom the Company conducts business. No policies issued by the Company have been reinsured with a foreign company, which is controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a party not primarily engaged in the business of insurance. The Company does not have any reinsurance agreements in effect under which the reinsurer may unilaterally cancel the agreement. At December 31, 2022, there are no reinsurance agreements in effect such that the amount of losses paid or accrued exceed the total direct premium collected. The Company remains obligated for amounts ceded in the event that the reinsurers do not meet their obligations.

There would be no reduction in surplus at December 31, 2022, if all reinsurance agreements were cancelled.

6. Federal Income Taxes

The Company and its eligible subsidiaries and affiliates file a consolidated federal income tax return. Amounts due (to)/from the Internal Revenue Service for federal income taxes, net of the amounts due (to)/from subsidiaries and affiliates, were \$36.2 million and \$4.0 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The tax years 2014 through 2021 remain subject to examination by major tax jurisdictions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The amount of federal income taxes incurred that will be available for recoupment at December 31, 2022, in the event of future capital losses is \$27.6 million, \$61.2 million, and \$0.0 million from 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The components of the net deferred tax asset (liability) at December 31 are as follows:

		12/31/2022						
				(I	n Thousands)			
			(1)	(2)			(3)	
							(Col 1+2)	
			Ordinary		Capital		Total	
(a)	Gross deferred tax assets	\$	180,314	\$	13,498	\$	193,812	
(b)	Statutory valuation allowance adjustments		_		_		_	
(c)	Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (a - b)		180,314		13,498		193,812	
(d)	Deferred tax assets nonadmitted		_		_		_	
(e)	Subtotal net admitted deferred tax assets (c - d)		180,314		13,498		193,812	
(f)	Deferred tax liabilities		167,632		36,979		204,611	
(g)	Net admitted deferred tax asset/(net deferred tax liability) (e - f)	\$	12,682	\$	(23,481)	\$	(10,799)	
					12/31/2021			
				(I	n Thousands)			
			(4)		(5)		(6)	
							(Col 4+5)	
			Ordinary		Capital		Total	
(a)	Gross deferred tax assets	\$	269,180	\$	8,236	\$	277,416	

277,416

277,416

265,632

11,784

(64,958) \$

76,742 \$

		Ordinary	Capitai	
(a)	Gross deferred tax assets	\$ 269,180	\$ 8,236	\$
(b)	Statutory valuation allowance adjustments			
(c)	Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (a - b)	269,180	8,236	
(d)	Deferred tax assets nonadmitted			
(e)	Subtotal net admitted deferred tax assets (c - d)	269,180	8,236	
(f)	Deferred tax liabilities	 192,438	 73,194	

(g) Net admitted deferred tax asset/(net deferred tax liability) (e - f)

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

		Change	
		(In Thousands)	
	(7)	(8)	(9)
			(Col 7+8)
	Ordinary	Capital	Total
(a) Gross deferred tax assets	\$ (88,866)	\$ 5,262	\$ (83,604)
(b) Statutory valuation allowance adjustments	_	_	
(c) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (a - b)	(88,866)	5,262	(83,604)
(d) Deferred tax assets nonadmitted		_	
(e) Subtotal net admitted deferred tax assets (c - d)	(88,866)	5,262	(83,604)
(f) Deferred tax liabilities	(24,806)		(61,021)
(g) Net admitted deferred tax asset/(net deferred tax liability) (e - f)	\$ (64,060)	\$ 41,477	\$ (22,583)
	(1)	12/31/2022 (In Thousands) (2)	(3)
			(Col 1+2)
Admission Calculation Components SSAP No. 101	Ordinary	Capital	Total
(a) Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks(b) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) above) after application of the threshold	\$ _	\$ 13,498	\$ 13,498
limitation (the lesser of (b)1 and (b)2 below) 1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the	39,349	_	39,349
balance sheet date	39,349	_	39,349
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.	XXX	XXX	982,746
(c) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) and (b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	140,965	_	140,965
(d) Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101 Total ((a) + (b) + (c))	\$ 180,314	\$ 13,498	\$ 193,812

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

		12/31/2021	
		(In Thousands)	
	(4)	(5)	(6) (Col 4+5)
Admission Calculation Components SSAP No. 101	Ordinary	Capital	Total
(a) Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks(b) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) above) after application of the threshold		\$ 1,963	
limitation (the lesser of (b)1 and (b)2 below) 1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the	9,821	_	9,821
balance sheet date	9,821		9,821
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.(c) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) and (b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	XXX 259,359	6,273	941,551 265,632
(d) Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101 Total ((a) + (b) + (c))	\$ 269,180		·
		Change	
	(=)	(In Thousands)	(0)
	(7)	(8)	(9) (Col 7+8)
Admission Calculation Components SSAP No. 101	Ordinary	Capital	Total
(a) Federal income taxes paid in prior years recoverable through loss carrybacks(b) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) above) after application of the threshold	\$ —	\$ 11,535	\$ 11,535
limitation (the lesser of (b)1 and (b)2 below) 1. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets expected to be realized following the	29,528	_	29,528
balance sheet date	29,528	_	29,528
2. Adjusted gross deferred tax assets allowed per limitation threshold.	XXX	XXX	41,195
(c) Adjusted gross deferred tax assets (excluding the amount of deferred tax assets from (a) and (b) above) offset by gross deferred tax liabilities	(118,394)	(6,273)	(124,667)
(d) Deferred tax assets admitted as the result of application of SSAP No. 101 Total $((a) + (b) + (c))$	\$ (88,866)	\$ 5,262	\$ (83,604)
		2022	2021
Ratio percentage used to determine recovery period and threshold limitation amount		848%	958%
		12/31	/2022
		(1)	(2)
Impact of tax planning strategies		Ordinary (In Tho	Capital
(a) Adjusted gross DTAs amount		\$180,314	\$13,498
(b) Percentage of adjusted gross DTAs by tax character attributable to the impact of t	ax planning		
strategies (c) Net admitted adjusted gross DTAs amount		11.99% \$180,314	6.96% \$13,498
(d) Percentage of net admitted adjusted gross DTAs by tax character attributable to the planning strategies	ne impact of tax	11.99%	6.96%

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

		12/31	/2021
		(3)	(4)
Impa	act of tax planning strategies	Ordinary	Capital
		(In Tho	usands)
(a)	Adjusted gross DTAs amount	\$269,180	\$8,236
(b)	Percentage of adjusted gross DTAs by tax character attributable to the impact of tax planning strategies	<u> </u> %	0.71%
(c)	Net admitted adjusted gross DTAs amount	\$269,180	\$8,236
(d)	Percentage of net admitted adjusted gross DTAs by tax character attributable to the impact of tax planning strategies	<u> </u>	0.71%
		Cha	
Imn	act of tay planning strategies	(5)	(6)
Impa	act of tax planning strategies		(6) Capital
Impa (a)	act of tax planning strategies Adjusted gross DTAs amount	(5) Ordinary	(6) Capital
•		(5) Ordinary (In Thou	(6) Capital usands)
(a)	Adjusted gross DTAs amount Percentage of adjusted gross DTAs by tax character attributable to the impact of tax planning	(5) Ordinary (In Thou \$(88,866)	(6) Capital usands) \$5,262

The Company's tax planning strategies include the use of reinsurance.

Current income taxes incurred consist of the following major components:

		12/31/2022		12/31/2021		12/31/2020	
		(In Thousands)					
(1) Curi	rent income tax						
(a)	Federal	\$	33,781	\$ 30,114	1 \$	(21,594)	
(b)	Foreign		281	199)	249	
(c)	Subtotal		34,062	30,313	3	(21,345)	
(d)	Federal income tax on net capital gains		9,222	(4,798	3)	4,556	
(e)	Utilization of capital loss carryforwards		_	_	-		
(f)	Other		_	_			
(g)	Federal and foreign income taxes incurred	\$	43,284	\$ 25,515	5 \$	(16,789)	

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

					(1)	(2)	(3)	
							(Col 1-2))
(2)	Defe	erred tax assets:		12/3	1/2022	12/31/2021	Change	
	(a)	Ordinary	•			(In Thousands)		
		(1) Discounting of unpaid losses		\$	_	\$ —	\$	_
		(2) Unearned premium revenue				_		_
		(3) Policyholder reserves			30,684	59,306	(28,	622)
		(4) Investments			28,658	32,310	(3,	652)
		(5) Deferred acquisition costs			18,992	18,607		385
		(6) Policyholder dividends accrual			3,596	6,853	(3,	257)
		(7) Fixed assets				_		_
		(8) Compensation and benefits accrual			50,512	101,026	(50,	514)
		(9) Pension accrual				_		_
		(10) Receivables - nonadmitted			43,517	30,693	12,	824
		(11) Net operating loss carryforward				_		_
		(12) Tax credit carryforward				_		_
		(13) Other	_		4,355	20,385	(16,	030)
		(99) Subtotal			180,314	269,180	(88,	866)
	(b)	Statutory valuation allowance adjustment				_		—
	(c)	Nonadmitted	_			_		
	(d)	Admitted ordinary deferred tax assets (2a99 - 2b - 2c)			180,314	269,180	(88,	866)
	(e)	Capital						
		(1) Investments			13,498	8,236	5,	262
		(2) Net capital loss carryforward				_		—
		(3) Real estate				_		—
		(4) Other	_			_		
		(99) Subtotal			13,498	8,236	5,	262
	(f)	Statutory valuation allowance adjustment				_		—
	(g)	Nonadmitted	_					
	(h)	Admitted capital deferred tax assets (2e99- 2f - 2g)			13,498	8,236	5,	262
	(i)	Admitted deferred tax assets (2d + 2h)	-	\$	193,812	\$ 277,416	\$ (83,	604)

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

			(1)		(2)		(3)
							(Col 1-2)
			1	2/31/2022	12/31/2021		Change
(3)	Defe	erred tax liabilities:			(In Thousands)		
	(a)	Ordinary					
		(1) Investments	\$	153,707	\$ 181,504	\$	(27,797)
		(2) Fixed assets		4,578	625		3,953
		(3) Deferred and uncollected premium		7,585	7,878		(293)
		(4) Policyholder reserves		1,762	2,431		(669)
		(5) Other		_	_		
		(99) Subtotal		167,632	192,438		(24,806)
	(b)	Capital					
		(1) Investments		36,979	73,194		(36,215)
		(2) Real estate		_	_		_
		(3) Other		_	_		
		(99) Subtotal		36,979	73,194		(36,215)
	(c)	Deferred tax liabilities (3a99 + 3b99)		204,611	265,632		(61,021)
(4)	Net	deferred tax assets/liabilities (2i - 3c)	\$	(10,799)	\$ 11,784	\$	(22,583)

Among the more significant book-to-tax adjustments were the following:

	12/	31/2022	Effective Tax Rate	1	12/31/2021	Effective Tax Rate	1	2/31/2020	Effective Tax Rate
	(In Thousands)				Thousands)	Tux Rute	(In Thousands)		Tax Rate
Provision computed at statutory									
rate	\$	94,728	21.00 %	\$	26,273	21.00 %	\$	20,039	21.00 %
Dividends received deduction		(3,577)	(0.79)		(2,613)	(2.09)		(1,062)	(1.11)
Tax credits		652	0.14		(1,227)	(0.98)		(1,447)	(1.52)
Other invested assets and nonadmitted change		2,072	0.46		(19,292)	(15.42)		2,403	2.52
Other		(6,506)	(1.44)		(7,857)	(6.28)		(10,065)	(10.54)
Total statutory income taxes	\$	87,369	19.37 %	\$	(4,716)	(3.77)%	\$	9,868	10.35 %
Federal and foreign taxes incurred	\$	43,284	9.60 %	\$	25,515	20.39 %	\$	(16,789)	(17.59)%
Change in net deferred income taxes		44,085	9.77		(30,231)	(24.16)		26,657	27.94
Total statutory income taxes	\$	87,369	19.37 %	\$	(4,716)	(3.77)%	\$	9,868	10.35 %

At December 31, 2022, the Company had \$0.0 million of net operating loss carryforwards, net capital loss carryforwards and tax credit carry forwards; the company had \$0.0 million of deferred tax liabilities that are not recognized.

The Inflation Reduction Act (the "IRA") was enacted during the reporting period on August 16, 2022, and included a provision for a new Corporate Alternative Minimum Tax (CAMT), effective in 2023, that is

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

based on the adjusted financial statement income set forth on the applicable financial statement of an "applicable corporation." The controlled group of corporations of which the reporting entity is a member has determined that it is not an "applicable corporation" for purposes of CAMT during the reporting period, and does not expect to be liable for the CAMT in 2023.

7. Capital and Surplus

The Company is required by statutory regulations to meet minimum risk-based capital standards. Risk-based capital is a method of measuring the minimum amount of capital appropriate for an insurance company to support its overall business operations in consideration of its size and risk profile. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company exceeded the minimum risk-based capital.

Ohio insurance law limits the amount of dividends that can be paid to a parent in a holding company structure without prior approval of the regulators to the greater of 10% of statutory surplus or statutory net income as of the preceding December 31 less any dividends paid in the preceding 12 months, but only to the extent of earned surplus as of the preceding December 31. Based on these limitations, the Company is able to pay dividends of up to \$690.1 million by the end of 2023 without seeking prior regulatory approval based on capital and surplus of \$6,901.1 million at December 31, 2022.

The Company currently has the following outstanding surplus notes:

	 2022					
	(In Thousands)					
2019 Notes, 5.15% interest rate, due 2049	\$ 497,775 \$	497,690				
2021 Notes, 3.75% interest rate, due 2061	497,724	497,665				
Total carrying value of surplus notes	\$ 995,499 \$	995,355				

On January 23, 2019, the Company issued \$500.0 million in surplus notes (the "2019 Notes") due January 15, 2049, at a discount of \$2.6 million. The entire balance was received in cash, none of which came from related parties. Interest on the 2019 Notes is fixed at 5.15% and payable semiannually on January 15 and July 15 of each year. The 2019 Notes and are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon. Subject to the approval of the Ohio Director of Insurance (the "Director"), the Company has the option to redeem the 2019 Notes (i) in whole within 90 days after the occurrence of a "Tax Event" where the Company receives an opinion of tax counsel that there is a more than insubstantial risk that interest payable on the 2019 Notes is not deductible by the Company, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the 2019 Notes to be redeemed (the "Par Value Redemption Price"), (ii) in whole or in part, on or after January 23, 2024 but prior to July 15, 2048, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) the Par Value Redemption Price or (b) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled principal and interest payments on the 2019 Notes from the redemption date to July 15, 2048, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at an adjusted treasury rate plus 35 basis points or (iii) in whole or in part, on or after July 15, 2048, at the Par Value Redemption Price, plus, in each case of (i), (ii) and (iii), accrued and unpaid interest payments on the 2019 Notes to be redeemed to the redemption date.

On April 28, 2021, the Company issued \$500.0 million in surplus notes (the "2021 Notes") due April 28, 2061 at a discount of \$2.4 million. The entire balance was received in cash, none of which came from

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

related parties. Interest on the 2021 Notes is fixed at 3.75% and payable semiannually on April 28 and October 28 of each year. The 2021 Notes are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon. Subject to the approval of the Director, the Company has the option to redeem the 2021 Notes (i) in whole within 90 days after the occurrence of a "Tax Event" where the Company receives an opinion of tax counsel that there is a more than insubstantial risk that interest payable on the 2021 Notes is not deductible by the Company, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the 2021 Notes to be redeemed (the "Par Value Redemption Price"), (ii) in whole or in part, prior to October 28, 2060, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) the Par Value Redemption Price or (b) the sum of the present value of the remaining scheduled principal and interest payments on the 2021 Notes from the redemption date to October 28, 2060, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at an adjusted treasury rate plus 25 basis points or (iii) in whole or in part, on or after October 28, 2060, at the Par Value Redemption Price, plus, in each case of (i), (ii) and (iii), accrued and unpaid interest payments on the 2021 Notes to be redeemed to the redemption date.

The 2019 Notes and 2021 Notes (collectively the "Notes") do not have payments that are contractually linked nor are any of the payments subject to administrative offsetting provisions. Additionally, proceeds from the Notes were not used to purchase an asset directly from the holders. The Notes were issued pursuant to Rule 144A as defined by the Securities Act of 1933. The Notes are unsecured and subordinated to all present and future indebtedness, policy claims and "prior claims" (those claims referred to in classes 1 through 7 of Section 3903.42 of the Ohio Revised Code) against the Company. Under Ohio insurance laws, the Notes are not part of the legal liabilities of the Company. Each payment of principal of, interest on or redemption price with respect to the Notes, may be made only with the prior approval of the Director, and only out of surplus earnings.

Interest expense of \$44.5 million and \$35.1 million was recognized from the Notes in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Life-to-date interest expense recognized December 31, 2022, was \$130.6 million. There has been no principal paid as of December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2022, there was unapproved interest of \$3.2 million related to 2022 that will come due in 2023. In the event the Company was subject to a liquidation event, the Notes would have preference over the common shareholders. No affiliates of the Company hold any of the Notes. As of the closing, Guggenheim Partners was the only holder of more than 10% of the outstanding Notes on record at the Depository Trust Company.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is named as a defendant in various legal actions arising principally from claims made under insurance policies and contracts. The Company believes the resolution of these actions will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

At December 31, 2022, the Company does not have any material lease agreements as a lessee for office space or equipment.

At December 31, 2022, the Company has future commitments to provide additional capital contributions of \$776.9 million to investments in joint ventures, limited partnerships and limited liability companies.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis)
December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The Company guarantees the payment of all policyholder obligations of each of the following wholly-owned subsidiaries: WSLAC, Columbus Life and Integrity. In addition, the Company guarantees all policyholder obligations of National and The Lafayette Life Insurance Company (Lafayette Life), an affiliated entity which is wholly-owned by the Company's parent, WSFG. Guarantees on behalf of wholly-owned subsidiaries or on behalf of related parties that are considered to be unlimited (as in the case of the guarantee on behalf of Lafayette Life) are exempt from the initial liability recognition criteria and therefore no liability has been recognized in the financial statements. Due to the unlimited nature of the guarantees, the Company is unable to estimate the maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantees. In the unlikely event the guarantees would be triggered, the Company may be permitted to take control of the underlying assets to recover all or a portion of the amounts paid under the guarantees.

The Company has guaranteed one mortgage loan in which the borrower is an affiliated limited liability company involved in development of real estate. This guarantee has a maximum exposure to the Company of \$13.3 million for 506 Phelps Holdings, LLC in the event the real estate collateral of the affiliated limited liability company is not sufficient to cover the payment of the loan. The fair value of the real estate collateral at December 31, 2022, was approximately \$31.3 million. This loan matures in February 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

9. Life and Annuity Reserves and Deposit-Type Contract Liabilities

At December 31, 2022, the Company's general and separate account annuity reserves and deposit-type contract liabilities that are subject to discretionary withdrawal (with adjustment), subject to discretionary withdrawal provisions are summarized as follows:

Individual Annuities		General Account		Separate Account With Guarantees		Separate Account Non- guaranteed		Total	Percent
				(In Tho	usa	nds)			
Subject to discretionary withdrawal at book value without adjustment (minimal or no charge or adjustment)	\$	66,977	\$	_	\$	_	\$	66,977	96.1 %
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal		2,748						2,748	3.9
Total individual annuity reserves (before reinsurance)		69,725		_		_		69,725	100.0 %
Reinsurance ceded		65,360						65,360	
Net individual annuity reserves	\$	4,365	\$		\$		\$	4,365	
		General		Separate Account With		Separate Account Non-		T	D
Group Annuities		Account		Guarantees		guaranteed		Total	Percent
Not subject to discustion one with drawel	\$	2,499	\$	(In Tho	usa. \$	1,070,045	\$	1 072 544	100.0 %
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal Total group annuity reserves (before	<u> </u>	2,499	Ф		Ф	1,070,043	Ъ	1,072,544	100.0 %
reinsurance)		2,499		_		1,070,045		1,072,544	100.0 %
Reinsurance ceded		2,499		_				2,499	
Net group annuity reserves	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,070,045	\$	1,070,045	
Deposit-type contracts (no life contingencies)		General Account		Separate Account With Guarantees		Separate Account Non- guaranteed		Total	Percent
				(In Tho	usa	nds)			
Subject to discretionary withdrawal at book value without adjustment (minimal or no charge or adjustment)	\$	204,841	\$		\$		\$	204,841	100.0 %
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal									
Total deposit-type contract liability (before reinsurance)		204,841		_		_		204,841 =	100.0 %
Reinsurance ceded		21,644						21,644	
Total deposit-type contract liability	\$	183,197	\$		\$		\$	183,197	

Interest rate changes may have temporary effects on the sale and profitability of annuity products offered by the Company. Although the rates offered by the Company are adjustable in the long-term, in the short-term they may be subject to contractual and competitive restrictions, which may prevent timely

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

adjustment. The Company's management constantly monitors interest rates with respect to a spectrum of product durations and sells annuities that permit flexible responses to interest rate changes as part of the Company's management of interest spreads. However, adverse changes in investment yields on invested assets will affect the earnings on those products with a guaranteed return.

At December 31, 2022, the Company's general and separate account life insurance account values, cash value, and reserves for policies subject to discretionary withdrawal, not subject to discretionary withdrawal, or with no cash value are summarized as follows:

	Ge	neral Account		Separate Account - Guaranteed and Nonguaranteed					
	Account			Account					
	Value	Cash Value	Reserve	Value	Cash Value	Reserve			
			(In Thou	sands)					
Subject to discretionary withdrawal, surrender values, or policy loans:									
Term policies with cash value	\$ - \$	— \$	_ 5	\$ - :	\$ - \$				
Universal life	_		_	_		_			
Universal life with secondary guarantees	_			_	_				
Indexed universal life	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Indexed universal life with secondary guarantees	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Indexed life	_			_	_				
Other permanent cash value life insurance		2,761,604	3,118,701		_	_			
Variable life	_			_					
Variable universal life	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Miscellaneous reserves	_	_	_	_	_	_			
Not subject to discretionary withdrawal or no cash values:									
Term policies without cash value	XXX	XXX		XXX	XXX				
Accidental death benefits	XXX	XXX	3,509	XXX	XXX				
Disability - active lives	XXX	XXX	4,316	XXX	XXX	_			
Disability - disabled lives	XXX	XXX	19,560	XXX	XXX				
Miscellaneous reserves	XXX	XXX		XXX	XXX	_			
Total life reserves (before reinsurance)	_	2,761,604	3,146,086	_					
Reinsurance Ceded		_	355,159	_	_	_			
Net life reserves	\$ - \$	2,761,604 \$	2,790,927	\$ - :	\$ - \$				

10. Employee Retirement Benefits

The Company has a noncontributory pension plan under a deposit administration group annuity contract covering substantially all employees and field representatives that meet eligibility requirements while working for the Company and attaining normal retirement age. In addition, the Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for certain retired employees or their beneficiaries. Substantially all of the Company's employees and field representatives may become eligible for those benefits when they reach normal retirement age while working for the Company.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The Company uses a December 31 measurement date for all plans.

A summary of assets, obligations and assumptions of the pension and other postretirement benefit plans at December 31, are as follows:

,	Pension	Benefits	Postretirem	ent Medical					
	2022	2021	2022	2021					
		(In Tho	usands)						
Change in benefit obligation:									
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 1,208,163	\$ 1,208,854	\$ 154,087	\$ 161,650					
Service cost	33,641	35,815	163	248					
Interest cost	29,615	25,031	2,921	2,927					
Contribution by plan participants			4,626	4,524					
Actuarial (gain) loss	(334,481)	(9,487)	(55,388)	(4,102)					
Benefits paid	(53,572)	(52,050)	(11,941)	(11,160)					
Plan amendments	_								
Settlements	_								
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 883,366	\$ 1,208,163	\$ 94,468	\$ 154,087					
Change in plan assets:									
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 1,284,221	\$ 1,172,208	\$ —	\$ —					
Actual return on plan assets	(160,605)	164,063		_					
Employer contribution			7,315	6,636					
Plan participants' contributions	_		4,626	4,524					
Benefits paid	(53,572)	(52,050)	(11,941)	(11,160)					
Settlements									
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$1,070,044	\$ 1,284,221	\$ —	\$ —					
	Pension	Benefits	Postretirem	ent Medical					
	2022	2021	2022	2021					
		(In Thoi	u <u>sands)</u>						
Funded status:									
Overfunded (underfunded) obligation	\$ 186,678	\$ 76,058	\$ (94,468)	\$ (154,087)					
Unrecognized net (gain) or loss	_								
Unrecognized prior service cost									
Net amount recognized*	\$ 186,678	\$ 76,058	\$ (94,468)	\$ (154,087)					
Accumulated benefit obligation for vested employees and partially vested employees to the extent vested	\$ 817,582	\$ 1,085,849	\$ 94,468	\$ 154,087					
		· /							

^{*}Nonadmitted if overfunded

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

			P	ens	sion Benefi	ts	
			2022		2021		2020
Components of net periodic benefit cost:			((In	Thousands)	
Service cost		\$	33,641	\$	35,815	\$	29,439
Interest cost		4	29,615	Ψ	25,031	Ψ	32,478
Expected return on plan assets			(91,126)		(83,066)		(76,904)
Amount of recognized gains and losses			9,867		22,281		22,085
Amount of prior service cost recognized			476		(579)		(4,625)
Total net periodic benefit cost (benefit)		\$	(17,527)	\$	(518)	\$	2,473
			Postr	eti	rement Me	edic	cal
			2022		2021		2020
			((In	Thousands,)	
Components of net periodic benefit cost: Service cost		\$	163	\$	248	\$	286
Interest cost		Ψ	2,921	Ψ	2,927	Ψ	4,344
Amount of recognized gains and losses			(6,777)		(1,838)		(3,387)
Amount of prior service cost recognized			(1,392)		(1,392)		(1,392)
Total net periodic benefit cost (benefit)		\$	(5,085)	\$	(55)	\$	(149)
	 Pension	Be		Pe	ostretirem	ent	
	 2022		2021		2022		2021
			(In Tho	usa	nds)		
Amounts in unassigned funds (surplus) recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost:							
Items not yet recognized as a component of net periodic cost - prior year	\$ 242,238	\$	354,426	\$	(28,326)	\$	(27,454)
Net transition asset or obligation recognized							_
Net prior service cost or credit arising during the period			_		_		
Net prior service cost or credit recognized	(476)		578		1,392		1,392
Net gain and loss arising during the period	(82,750)		(90,484)		(55,388)		(4,102)
Net gain and loss recognized	(9,867)		(22,282)		6,777		1,838
Items not yet recognized as a component of net periodic cost - current year	\$ 149,145	\$	242,238	\$	(75,545)	\$	(28,326)

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the year ended December 31:

	Pension Benefits		Postretirem	ent Medical
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Discount rate	3.00%	2.80%	2.88%	2.60%
Rate of compensation increase	4.60%	4.60%	N/A	N/A
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets	7.25%	7.25%	N/A	N/A

Assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation at December 31:

	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Medi		
	2022	2022 2021		2021	
Discount rate	5.46%	3.00%	5.43%	2.88%	
Rate of compensation increase	4.60%	4.60%	N/A	N/A	

The Company's non-admitted pension asset was \$186.7 million and \$76.1 million at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Company utilizes a full yield curve approach in the estimation of liabilities, service cost, and interest cost for pension and postretirement benefits by applying the specific spot rates along the yield curve used in the determination of the benefit obligation to the relevant projected cash flows. The yield curve utilized in the cash flow analysis is comprised of highly rated (Aaa or Aa) corporate bonds. The discount rate was increased from 3.00% at December 31, 2021, to 5.46% at December 31, 2022. This resulted in a \$327.6 million decrease in the pension benefit obligation in 2022. The discount rate was increased from 2.80% at December 31, 2020, to 3.00% at December 31, 2021. This resulted in a \$23.5 million decrease in the pension benefit obligation in 2021.

The Company employs a prospective building block approach in determining the long-term expected rate of return for plan assets. Historical returns are determined by asset class. The historical relationships between equities, fixed income securities, and other assets are reviewed. The Company applies long-term asset return estimates to the plan's target asset allocation to determine the weighted-average long-term return. The Company's long-term asset allocation was determined through modeling long-term returns and asset return volatilities and is guided by an investment policy statement created for the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The asset allocation for the defined benefit pension plan at the end of 2022 and 2021, and the target allocation for 2022 by asset category, are as follows:

	Target Allocation Percentage	Percent Plan A	
	2022	2022	2021
Asset category:			
Equity securities	55 %	64 %	55 %
Fixed income securities	18	12	15
Short-term investments	2	_	5
Other	25	24	25
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %

The plan employs a total return investment approach whereby a mix of fixed income and equity investments are used to maximize the long-term return of plan assets for a prudent level of risk. Risk tolerance is established through careful consideration of plan liabilities, plan funded status, and corporate financial condition. The total portfolio is structured with multiple sub-portfolios, each with a specific fixed income or equity asset management discipline. Each sub-portfolio is subject to individual limitations and performance benchmarks as well as limitations at the consolidated portfolio level. Quarterly asset allocation meetings are held to evaluate portfolio asset allocations and to establish the optimal mix of assets given current market conditions and risk tolerance. Investment mix is measured and monitored on an ongoing basis through regular investment reviews, annual liability measurements, and periodic asset/liability studies.

The Company's pension plan assets consist primarily of debt and equity securities, mutual funds and private equity funds, all of which are carried at fair value.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels.

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The Company's Level 1 assets primarily include exchange-traded equity securities and mutual funds.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The Company's Level 2 assets include certain debt securities for which public price quotations are not available, but that use other market observable inputs from third-party pricing service quotes or internal valuation models using observable inputs. Level 2 assets also include private funds that invest primarily in domestic debt securities where the Company has the right to redeem its interest at net asset values. The underlying debt securities within these funds employ similar valuation methodologies as the Company's other investments in debt securities.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The Company does not have any significant assets carried at fair value that meet the definition of Level 3.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

Debt Securities

The fair values of actively traded debt securities have been determined through the use of third-party pricing services utilizing market observable inputs.

Equity Securities

The fair values of actively traded equity securities have been determined utilizing publicly quoted prices from third-party pricing services.

Mutual Funds

The fair values of mutual funds have been determined utilizing the net asset values of the funds.

Private Equity and Fixed Income Funds

The fair values of private equity and fixed income funds have been determined utilizing the net asset values of the funds.

Other Assets

Other assets primarily include securities lending reinvested collateral and cash equivalents. The fair value of securities lending reinvested collateral assets are from third-party sources utilizing publicly quoted prices. The fair value of the cash equivalents are based on quoted market prices.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

The fair value of the pension plan's assets by asset category is as follows:

	M	Assets easured at	Fair Va	alue	Hierarch	ıy L	Level
		air Value	Level 1	I	Level 2*		Level 3
			(In Thoi	isan	ids)		
At December 31, 2022:							
Debt securities:							
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	\$	2,040	\$ 	\$	2,040	\$	_
Corporate securities		112,201			112,201		_
Residential mortgage-backed securities		777			777		_
Asset-backed securities		11,843			11,843		_
Equity securities:							
Common equity		555,090	513,330		41,760		_
Mutual funds		123,560	123,560		_		_
Preferred stock		2,597			2,597		_
Other invested assets:							
Private equity and fixed income funds		225,570			225,570		_
Surplus notes		2,542			2,542		_
Real estate		20,321			20,321		_
Other assets		75,090	72,943		2,147		
Total plan assets	\$	1,131,631	\$ 709,833	\$	421,798	\$	_

^{*} Includes investments using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

	Assets Measured at	Fair '	Value Hierarc	hy Level
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2*	Level 3
		(In Th	ousands)	
At December 31, 2021:				
Debt securities:				
Debt securities issued by states of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	\$ 3,019	\$ -	- \$ 3,019	\$ —
Corporate securities	114,667	_	- 114,667	_
Residential mortgage-backed securities	1,041	_	- 1,041	
Asset-backed securities	2,852	_	- 2,852	
Equity securities:				
Common equity	659,769	611,743	3 48,026	
Mutual funds	174,122	174,122	2 —	
Other invested assets:				
Private equity and fixed income funds	239,447		- 239,447	
Surplus notes	3,827		- 3,827	
Real estate	7,177		7,177	_
Other assets	78,741	77,193	1,548	_
Total plan assets	\$ 1,284,662	\$ 863,058	8 \$ 421,604	\$ —

^{*} Includes investments using net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient.

For measurement purposes of the postretirement benefit obligation at December 31, 2022, a 5.275 percent annual rate of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care benefits is assumed for 2023. The rate was assumed to decrease gradually to 4.75 percent for 2030 and remain at that level thereafter.

At December 31, 2022, the assets of the Company's pension include approximately \$67.0 million invested in the Touchstone Family of Funds, which are administered by the Company, and \$251.4 million invested in private equity and fixed income funds managed by Fort Washington Investment Advisors, Inc. At December 31, 2021, the assets of the Company's pension include approximately \$106.5 million invested in the Touchstone Family of Funds, which are administered by the Company, \$229.1 million invested in private equity and fixed income funds managed by Fort Washington Investment Advisors, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

As of December 31, 2022, future benefit payments for the pension plan are expected as follows (in millions):

2023	\$ 56.3
2024	57.0
2025	57.6
2026	58.2
2027	59.0
Five years thereafter	308.0

Future benefit payments for the postretirement medical plan, net of amounts contributed by plan participants, are expected as follows (in millions):

2023	\$ 8.1
2024	7.8
2025	7.7
2026	7.4
2027	7.2
Five years thereafter	33.8

The Company did not make any contributions to the pension plan in 2022 and 2021. The Company does not expect to make contributions to the pension plan during 2023.

The Company made contributions to the postretirement medical plan of \$7.3 million in 2022 and expects to contribute \$72.0 million between 2023 and 2032, inclusive. The Company received no subsidies in 2022. The Company's postretirement medical plan did not collect the Medicare Part D Subsidy for claims activity occurring after January 1, 2013.

The Company sponsors a contributory employee retirement savings plan covering substantially all eligible, full-time employees. This plan is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The Company's contributions to the plan are based on a combination of the employee's contributions to the plan and a percentage of the employee's earnings for the year. The total of the Company's contributions to the defined contribution plan were \$5.0 million, \$4.8 million, and \$6.8 million for 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Statutory-Basis) December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020

11. Premium and Annuity Considerations Deferred and Uncollected

Deferred and uncollected life insurance premiums and annuity considerations at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	 Gross		Net of oading
	(In Tho	usan	ds)
Ordinary new business	\$ 3,504	\$	247
Ordinary renewal	65,274		46,600
Accident and health renewal	417		327
Assumed investment type-contracts	 408		408
Total	\$ 69,603	\$	47,582

Supplementary Information



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Report of Independent Auditors on Supplementary Information

The Board of Directors
The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company

We have audited the statutory-basis financial statements of The Western and Southern Life Insurance Company (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated April 17, 2023, which contained an adverse opinion with respect to conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and an unmodified opinion with respect to conformity with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Ohio Department of Insurance on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplemental schedule of selected statutory-basis financial data, supplemental investment disclosures, and supplemental schedule of life and health reinsurance disclosures are presented to comply with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Annual Statement Instructions and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statutory-basis financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Company and state insurance departments to whose jurisdiction the Company is subject and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ernst + Young LLP

April 17, 2023

Investment income earned:		
U.S. Government debt securities	\$	964
Other debt securities (unaffiliated)		140,502
Debt securities of affiliates		·
Preferred stocks (unaffiliated)		1,392
Preferred stocks of affiliates		
Common stocks (unaffiliated)		26,144
Common stocks of affiliates		80,000
Mortgage loans		2,318
Real estate		9,982
Premium notes, policy loans and liens		10,704
Cash on hand and on deposit		1,491
Short-term investments		76
Other invested assets		274,692
Derivative instruments		, <u> </u>
Aggregate write-ins for investment income		252
Gross investment income	\$	548,517
Real estate owned (book value less encumbrances)	\$	25,538
Mortgage loans (book value):		
Farm mortgages	\$	
Residential mortgages		
Commercial mortgages		55,841
Mezzanine real estate loan		
Total mortgage loans	\$	55,841
Mortgage loans by standing (book value):		
Good standing	\$	55,797
Good standing with restructured terms	\$	44
Interest overdue more than 90 days, not in foreclosure	\$	
Foreclosure in process	\$	
Other long-term assets (statement value)	¢	2 471 001
Collateral loans	\$	2,471,001
Conateral loans	<u> </u>	142,493
Debt securities and stocks of parents, subsidiaries and affiliates (book value):		
Debt securities	\$	_
Preferred stocks	\$	_
Common stocks	\$	4,592,609
))

Debt securities and short-term investments by NAIC designation and maturity:		
Debt securities by maturity (statement value):	Φ	107.407
Due within one year or less	\$	107,497
Over 5 years through 10 years		247,337
Over 5 years through 10 years		646,228
Over 10 years through 20 years		711,465 1,075,673
Over 20 years No maturity date		1,0/3,6/3
•	<u> </u>	2 799 200
Total by maturity	<u> </u>	2,788,200
Debt securities and short-term investments by NAIC designation (statement value):		
NAIC 1	\$	1,519,132
NAIC 2		1,178,375
NAIC 3		76,559
NAIC 4		13,134
NAIC 5		1,000
NAIC 6		
Total by NAIC designation	\$	2,788,200
Total debt securities publicly traded	\$	2,120,656
Total debt securities privately placed	\$	667,544
Preferred stocks (statement value)	\$	42,514
Common stocks (market value)	\$	5,452,145
Short-term investments (book value)	\$	3,500
Securities lending reinvested collateral assets (book value)	\$ \$ \$	17,779
Options, caps and floors owned (statement value)	\$	
Options, caps and floors written and in-force (statement value)	\$ \$	
Collar, swap and forward agreements open (statement value)	\$	
Futures contracts open (current value)	\$	
Cash on deposit (book overdraft)	\$	(29,265)
Life insurance in-force:		
Industrial	\$	319,318
Ordinary	\$	10,750,292
Credit life	\$	
Group life	\$	793,179
		<u> </u>
Amount of accidental death insurance in-force under ordinary policies	\$	1,196,825

Industrial Ordinary Ordinary Credit life Group life Supplementary contracts in-force: Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Supplementary contracts in-force: Supplementary contracts in-force: Supplementary contracts in-force: \$ 52,104 \$ 105 Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Supplementary contracts in-force: \$ 95 Group – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit \$ 95
Credit life Group life Supplementary contracts in-force: Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies: Supplementary contracts in-force: \$ 52,104 \$ 105 \$ 95 Group – not involving life contingencies:
Group life \$ 628,795 Supplementary contracts in-force: Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit \$ 2,104 Amount of income payable \$ 105 Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable \$ 95 Group – not involving life contingencies:
Supplementary contracts in-force: Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies:
Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies:
Ordinary – not involving life contingencies: Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies:
Amount on deposit Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies:
Amount of income payable Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies:
Ordinary – involving life contingencies: Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies: \$ 95
Amount of income payable Group – not involving life contingencies: \$ 95
Group – not involving life contingencies:
Amount on deposit \$
Amount of income payable \$ —
Group – involving life contingencies:
Amount of income payable \$ —
Annuities:
Ordinary:
Immediate–amount of income payable \$ 133
Deferred–fully paid–account balance \$ 2,823
Deferred—not fully paid—account balance \$
Group:
Amount of income payable \$ —
Fully paid–account balance \$ —
Not fully paid–account balance \$ —
Accident and health insurance – premiums in-force:
Ordinary <u>\$ 22,977</u>
Group \$ 39,889
Credit \$
Deposit funds and dividend accumulations:
Deposit funds – account balance \$ 18,174
Dividend accumulations – account balance \$\frac{162,469}{}\$

Group accident and health: 2022 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ — Prior \$ — Other accident and health: — 2022 \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 2,203 2019 \$ 450 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ — Prior \$ —	Claim payments 2022:	
S		
2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ — Prior \$ — Other accident and health: \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 2,203 2019 \$ 450 2018 \$ 126 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ — 2022 \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	_	\$
2019 \$ — 2018 \$ — Prior \$ — Other accident and health: \$ 3,861 2022 \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 275 2019 \$ 450 2018 \$ 126 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	2021	\$
2018 \$ — Prior \$ — Other accident and health: \$ 3,861 2022 \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 275 2019 \$ 450 2018 \$ 126 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ — 2022 \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	2020	\$
Prior \$ — Other accident and health: \$ 3,861 2022 \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 275 2019 \$ 450 2018 \$ 126 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ — 2022 \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	2019	\$
Other accident and health: 2022 \$ 3,861 2021 \$ 2,203 2020 \$ 275 2019 \$ 450 2018 \$ 126 Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ - 2022 \$ - 2021 \$ - 2020 \$ - 2019 \$ - 2018 \$ -	2018	\$
\$ 3,861	Prior	\$
\$\frac{\$\frac{2,203}{\$\frac{2}{3}}\$}{2020}	Other accident and health:	
\$ 275 \$ 275 \$ 2019 \$ 450 \$ 126 \$ 126 \$ 126 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2021 \$ 2020 \$ 2020 \$ 2019 \$ 2018 \$ 3 -	2022	\$ 3,861
\$ 450 \$ 126 \$ 126 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 2,020 \$ 3,020	2021	\$ 2,203
\$ 126	2020	\$ 275
Prior \$ 2,020 Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: \$ 2022 \$ 2021 \$ 2020 \$ 2019 \$ 2018 \$	2019	\$ 450
Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves: 2022 \$	2018	\$ 126
2022 \$ — 2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	Prior	\$ 2,020
2021 \$ — 2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	Other coverages that use developmental methods to calculate claims reserves:	
2020 \$ — 2019 \$ — 2018 \$ —	2022	\$
2019 2018 \$ —	2021	\$ _
2018	2020	\$ _
	2019	\$ _
Prior \$ —	2018	\$
	Prior	\$

SUMMARY INVESTMENT SCHEDULE

		Gross Investm	ent Holdings		Admitted Asset in the Annua		
		1	2	3	4	5	6
			Percentage		Securities Lending		Percentage
			of		Reinvested	Total	of
	Investment Categories	Amount	Column 1 Line 13	Amount	Collateral Amount	(Col. 3 + 4) Amount	Column 5 Line 13
1.	Long-Term Bonds (Schedule D, Part 1):						
	1.01 U.S. governments	25,843,949	0.229	25,843,949	0	25,843,949	0.235
	1.02 All other governments	77,002,388	0.682	77,002,388	0	77,002,388	0.700
	1.03 U.S. states, territories and possessions, etc. guaranteed			0	0	0	0.000
	1.04 LLS inolitical subdivisions of states territories, and nossessions						
	guaranteed	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
	1.05 U.S. special revenue and special assessment obligations, etc. non- guaranteed	109 938 009	0 974	109 938 009	0	109,938,009	0.999
	1.06 Industrial and miscellaneous				0	2,519,323,691	
	1.07 Hybrid securities				0		
	1.08 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates				0	0	
	1.09 SVO identified funds				0	0	
	1.10 Unaffiliated bank loans			0	0	0	
	1.11 Unaffiliated certificates of deposit				0	0	
	1.12 Total long-term bonds	2,769.709.979	24.537		0		
2.	Preferred stocks (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 1):			_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,	
-	2.01 Industrial and miscellaneous (Unaffiliated)	42 . 514 . 165	0.377	42.514.165	0	42.514.165	0.386
	2.02 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates				0		
	2.03 Total preferred stocks				0	42.514.165	
3.	Common stocks (Schedule D, Part 2, Section 2):						
	3.01 Industrial and miscellaneous Publicly traded (Unaffiliated)	469 . 178 . 089	4 . 156	469 . 178 . 089	0	469,178,089	4.264
	3.02 Industrial and miscellaneous Other (Unaffiliated)					24,276,376	
	3.03 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Publicly traded					0	
	3.04 Parent, subsidiaries and affiliates Other				0		
	3.05 Mutual funds				0		
	3.06 Unit investment trusts				0	0	
	3.07 Closed-end funds				0	0	0.000
	3.08 Exchange traded funds					251,224,733	2.283
	3.09 Total common stocks				0	5,452,145,429	49.551
4.	Mortgage loans (Schedule B):						
	4.01 Farm mortgages	0	0.000	0	0	0	0.000
	4.02 Residential mortgages					0	0.000
	4.03 Commercial mortgages				0	55,840,689	0.508
	4.04 Mezzanine real estate loans				0	0	0.000
	4.05 Total valuation allowance					0	0.000
	4.06 Total mortgage loans		0.495	55,840,689	0	55,840,689	0.508
5.	Real estate (Schedule A):						
	5.01 Properties occupied by company	24,705,413	0.219	24,705,414		24,705,414	0.225
	5.02 Properties held for production of income		0.007	832,607		832,607	0.008
	5.03 Properties held for sale		0.000	0		0	0.000
	5.04 Total real estate	25,538,021	0.226	25,538,021	0	25,538,021	0.232
6.	Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments:						
	6.01 Cash (Schedule E, Part 1)	(29,264,847)	(0.259)	(29,264,847)		(29,264,847)	(0.266)
	6.02 Cash equivalents (Schedule E, Part 2)	48,243,819	0.427	48,243,818		48,243,818	0.438
	6.03 Short-term investments (Schedule DA)	3,500,000	0.031	3,500,000	17,778,636	21,278,636	0 . 193
	6.04 Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	22,478,972	0 . 199	22,478,971	17,778,636	40,257,607	0.366
7.	Contract loans	142,492,679	1.262	142,492,679		142,492,679	1.295
8.	Derivatives (Schedule DB)		0.002	195,701		195,701	0.002
9.	Other invested assets (Schedule BA)	2,736,187,664	24.240	2,471,001,276		2,471,001,276	22.458
10.	Receivables for securities	3,296,333	0.029	3,296,333		3,296,333	0.030
11.	Securities Lending (Schedule DL, Part 1)	17,778,636	0 . 157	17,778,636	XXX	XXX	XXX
12.	Other invested assets (Page 2, Line 11)	. 0	0.000	0		0	0.000
13.	Total invested assets	11,288,119,341	100.000	11,002,991,879	17,778,636	11,002,991,879	100.000



SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTMENT RISKS INTERROGATORIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2022 (To Be Filed by April 1)

Of The	The Western and Southern L	Life Insurance Company							
ADDRE	ESS (City, State and Zip Code	e) Cincinnati , OH 452	02						
NAIC G	Group Code 0836	NAIC Company	Code 70483		Federal Employer's Id	entifica	ition Number (FEIN)	31-0487145	
The Inv	restment Risks Interrogatories	s are to be filed by April 1.	They are also to be include	ed with	the Audited Statutory F	inanci	al Statements.		
Answer investi	the following interrogatories l ments.	by reporting the applicable	U.S. dollar amounts and p	ercenta	ages of the reporting er	ntity's to	otal admitted assets he	eld in that category of	
1.	Reporting entity's total adm	nitted assets as reported or	n Page 2 of this annual stat	ement.				\$ 11,191,25	1,704
2.	Ten largest exposures to a	single issuer/borrower/inv	estment.						
	1		2				3	4	
	Issuer Description of						Amount	Percentage of Total Admitted Assets	
2.01	W&S LIFE ASSURANCE	AFFILATED COM				\$		15.9	—) %
2.02	INTEGRITY LIFE INSURANCE .	AFFILATED COM	IMON STOCK			\$	1,295,774,536	11.6	3 %
2.03	W&S REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS L	LLC OTHER INVESTE	ED ASSET			\$	1,213,989,190	10.8	} %
2.04	GERBER LIFE INSURANCE	10.3	3 %						
2.05	5 COLUMBUS LIFE INSURANCE								3 %
2.06	06 FORT WASHINGTON FIXED INCOME LLC OTHER INVESTED ASSET								1 %
2.07	07 W&S INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LLC OTHER INVESTED ASSET								7 %
2.08	FORT WASHINGTON IX-B LP	OTHER INVESTE	D ASSET			\$	123,402,296	1.1	%
2.09	CINCINNATI FINANCIAL	BONDS & COMM	ON STOCK			\$	110,937,897	1.0) %
2.10	FIFTH THIRD BANCORP	COMMON STOCK				\$	102,555,464	0.9) %
3.	Amounts and percentages	of the reporting entity's total	al admitted assets held in b	onds a	nd preferred stocks by	NAIC	designation.		
	Bonds	1	2		Preferred Stock	S	3	4	
3.01	NAIC 1	\$ 1,519,131,803	13.6 %	3.07	NAIC 1			00.	— 0 %
3.02	NAIC 2	\$ 1,178,375,481	10.5 %	3.08	NAIC 2		\$25,034,076	0.	2 %
3.03	NAIC 3	\$ 76,559,411	0.7 %	3.09	NAIC 3		\$	0.	0 %
3.04	NAIC 4	\$13,133,979	0.1 %	3.10	NAIC 4		\$	0.	0 %
3.05	NAIC 5	\$1,000,000	0.0 %	3.11	NAIC 5		\$	0.	0 %
3.06	NAIC 6	\$4	0.0 %	3.12	NAIC 6		\$ 15,597,155	0.	1 %
4.	Assets held in foreign inves	stments:							
4.01	Are assets held in foreign in	nvestments less than 2.5%	of the reporting entity's to	tal admi	itted assets?			Yes [] No [2	(]
	If response to 4.01 above is	s yes, responses are not re	equired for interrogatories 5	- 10.					
4.02	Total admitted assets held i	in foreign investments				\$	496,068,772	4.4	%
4.03	Foreign-currency-denomina	ated investments				\$		0.0) %
4.04	Insurance liabilities denomi	nated in that same foreign	currency			\$		0.0) %

Aggregate foreign investment exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation: 5. Countries designated NAIC-1 \$ 392,289,253 3.5 % 5.010.5 % 5.02 5.030.4 % Largest foreign investment exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation: 2 Countries designated NAIC - 1: Country 1: CAYMAN ISLANDS \$ 94,879,5630.8 % 6.010.5 % Countries designated NAIC - 2:0.2 % 6.030.1 % Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below: 6.05 0.1 %0.1 % Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure\$0.0 % 7. 8. Aggregate unhedged foreign currency exposure categorized by NAIC sovereign designation: Countries designated NAIC-1\$0.0 % 8.01 Countries designated NAIC-2\$ 0.0 % 8.02 Countries designated NAIC-3 or below\$0.0 % 8 03 Largest unhedged foreign currency exposures by country, categorized by the country's NAIC sovereign designation: 2 Countries designated NAIC - 1: Country 1: \$0.0 % 9.01 Country 2: \$0.0 % Countries designated NAIC - 2: Country 1: \$0.0 % 9.03 Country 2: _________\$ _____0.0 % Countries designated NAIC - 3 or below: Country 1: \$0.0 %0.0 % Country 2: \$ Ten largest non-sovereign (i.e. non-governmental) foreign issues: 3 4 Issuer **NAIC** Designation 0.3 % \$ 27,641,9730.2 %0.2 % \$24,059,3660.2 % \$ 21,771,370 0.2 % \$ 19,129,9810.2 % \$ 17,120,891 \$ 14,968,553 0.1 % \$ 14, 135, 1800.1 %

\$ 12,280,156

......0.1 %

11.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in Canadian investments and unl	hed	ged Canadian currency exp	osure:
11.01	Are assets held in Canadian investments less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?			Yes [X] No []
	If response to 11.01 is yes, detail is not required for the remainder of interrogatory 11.			
			1	2
11.02	Total admitted assets held in Canadian investments			
11.03				
11.04				
11.05	Unhedged Canadian currency exposure	\$		0.0 %
12.	Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments	with	n contractual sales restrictio	ns:
12.01	Are assets held in investments with contractual sales restrictions less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total a	adm	itted assets?	Yes [X] No []
	If response to 12.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 12.			
	1		2	3
12.02	Aggregate statement value of investments with contractual sales restrictions			0.0 %
12.03		\$		0.0 %
12.04		Ψ		0.0 %
12.05		\$		0.0 %
13.	Amounts and percentages of admitted assets held in the ten largest equity interests:			
13.01	Are assets held in equity interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?			Yes [] No [X]
	If response to 13.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 13.			
	_ 1		2	3
	Issuer	_	4 777 000 770	45.0
13.02				15.9 %
13.03				11.6 %
13.04				10.3 %
13.05		-	, ,	3.3 %
	FORT WASHINGTON IX-B LP	-	-, , -	1.1 %
	FIFTH THIRD BANCORP	-	, ,	0.9 %
	CINCINNATI FINANCIAL	_	, - ,-	0.9 %
	FORT WASHINGTON X-B LP	_	-, ,	0.7 %
	FORT WASHINGTON VIII LP		, ,	0.5 %
13.11	AMERICAN FINANCIAL GROUP	\$	42,100,481	0.4 %

14.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in nonaff	iliate	ed, privately placed e	equit	ies:				
14.01	Are assets held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities less than 2.5% of the reporting	ng e	ntity's total admitted	ass	ets?			Yes [] No [X]]
	If response to 14.01 above is yes, responses are not required for 14.02 through 14.05								
	1					2		3	
14.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equiti Largest three investments held in nonaffiliated, privately placed equities:	es		\$		342,707,235		3.1	%
14.03	SOLAMERE FUND III			\$		22, 105,505		0.2	%
14.04	PRO FOOTBALL FOCUS			\$		21,415,563		0.2	%
14.05	SANDS CAPITAL GLOBAL VENTURE FUND I			\$		19,731,579		0.2	%
	Ten largest fund managers:		0						
	1 Fund Manager		2 Total Invested			3 Diversified		4 Nondiversified	
14.06	TOUCHSTONE	\$	275,703,8	350	\$	275,703,850			
14 07	ISHARES		40,365,0			39,850,960		514.0	
14.08		-	29,942,3				-	;	
14.09	VANGUARD	-	9,593,3		\$	6,547,579	\$	3,045,	766
14.10	FULLER & THALER	\$	7,130,7	787	\$	7, 130, 787	\$		
14.11	INVESCO	\$	6,882,8	320	\$	6,882,820	\$	·	
14.12	DODGE & COX	\$	4,891,5	87	\$	4,891,587	\$	·	
14.13	PIMCO	\$	4,590,2	289	\$	4,590,289	\$;	
14.14	DIAMOND HILL	\$	3,734,2	289	\$	3,734,289	\$;	
14.15	MORGAN STANLEY	\$	3,396,2	242	\$	3,396,242	\$	·	
15. 15.01	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in general Are assets held in general partnership interests less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's	·	•					Yes [X] No []
	If response to 15.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Inte	_	gatory 15.			2		3	
15.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in general partnership interests			\$				0.0	%
15.03				\$				0.0	%
15.04				\$				0.0	%

16.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in mortgage loans:					
16.01	Are mortgage loans reported in Schedule B less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?					Yes [X] No []
	If response to 16.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 16 and Interrogatory	tory 1	7.			
	1 Type (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural)			2		3
16.02	\$					0.0
16.03	\$					0.0
16.04	 \$					0.0
16.05	 \$					0.0
16.06	\$					0.0
16.07	 \$					0.0
16.08	 \$					
16.09 16.10	\$					
16.10	\$					0.0
10.11	Ψ					
	Amount and percentage of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in the following categories of mortgage	loan	s:		Loans	
16.12	Construction loans\$					0.0
						0.0
						0.0
	Mortgage loans foreclosed\$					0.0
16.16	Restructured mortgage loans					0.0
17.	Aggregate mortgage loans having the following loan-to-value ratios as determined from the most current apprais	al as o	of the	annual sta	tement d	ate:
	Residential Commercial			_		cultural
	an to Value 1 2 3 4		•	5		6
	above 95%\$		•			0.0
	91 to 95%\$					0.0
	71 to 80%\$		-			0.0
	below 70%\$		-			0.0
			Ť			
18.	Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in each of the five largest investment					
18.01	Are assets held in real estate reported less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total admitted assets?					Yes [X] No []
	If response to 18.01 above is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 18.					
	Largest five investments in any one parcel or group of contiguous parcels of real estate. Description					
	1			2		3
18.02						0.0
18.03	\$					0.0
18.04	\$					0.0
18.05	\$					0.0
18.06	\$					0.0
19.	Report aggregate amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets held in investments he	ld in r	nezz	anine real e	estate loai	ns:
19 01	Are assets held in investments held in mezzanine real estate loans less than 2.5% of the reporting entity's total a					Yes [X] No []
. 0.01	The decision will be a second from the modern modern and restrict four of the reporting entity of total of	J. IIII	ou us			.00 [] [
	If response to 19.01 is yes, responses are not required for the remainder of Interrogatory 19.			2		3
19.02	Aggregate statement value of investments held in mezzanine real estate loans: \$ Largest three investments held in mezzanine real estate loans:					0.0
19.03	S					0.0
19.03	\$					0.0
19.04	······································					0.0

20. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets subject to the following types of agreements:

		At Ye	ear End			Α	t End of Each Quart						
		1	2		2		2		1st Quarter 3		2nd Quarter 4		3rd Quarter 5
20.01	Securities lending agreements (do not include assets held as collateral for such transactions)	\$78,670,150	0.7 %	\$	41, 134, 284	\$	72,321,956	\$	109,414,248				
20.02	Repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$		\$		\$					
20.03	Reverse repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$		\$		\$					
20.04	Dollar repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$		\$		\$					
20.05	Dollar reverse repurchase agreements	\$	0.0 %	\$		\$		\$					

21. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets for warrants not attached to other financial instruments, options, caps, and floors:

		Owr	ned		Written	
		 1	2	_	3	4
21.01	Hedging	\$ 195,699	0.0	%	\$	0.0 %
21.02	Income generation	\$ 	0.0	%	\$	0.0 %
21.03	Other	\$ 	0.0	%	\$	0.0 %

22. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for collars, swaps, and forwards:

		At Year End					At	End of Each Quart	er	
		4				1st Quarter		2nd Quarter		3rd Quarter
		1		<u> </u>		3		4		5
22.01	Hedging	\$ 0		0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
22.02		0		0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
22.03	Replications	\$ 0		0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
22.04	Other	\$ 0		0.0 %	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

23. Amounts and percentages of the reporting entity's total admitted assets of potential exposure for futures contracts:

			At Ye	ear End		Α	t End of Each Quart	er	
			1	2	1st Quarter 3		2nd Quarter 4		3rd Quarter 5
23.01	Hedging	\$	0	0.0 %	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0
	Income generation	2		0.0 %	\$ 	\$		\$	
23.03	Replications	\$		0.0 %	\$ 	\$		\$	
23 04	Other	\$		0.0 %	\$	\$		\$	

Note to Supplemental Schedule of Selected Statutory-Basis Financial Data December 31, 2022

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying supplemental schedule presents selected statutory-basis financial data as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended, for purposes of complying with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Annual Statement Instructions and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Accounting Practices and Procedures Manual and agrees to or is included in the amounts reported in the Company's 2022 Statutory Annual Statement as filed with the Ohio Department of Insurance.

Reinsurance

The Company has not identified any reinsurance contracts entered into, renewed or amended on or after January 1, 1996 that would require disclosure in the supplemental schedule to life and reinsurance disclosures as required under SSAP No. 61R, Life, Deposit-Type and Accident and Health Reinsurance.